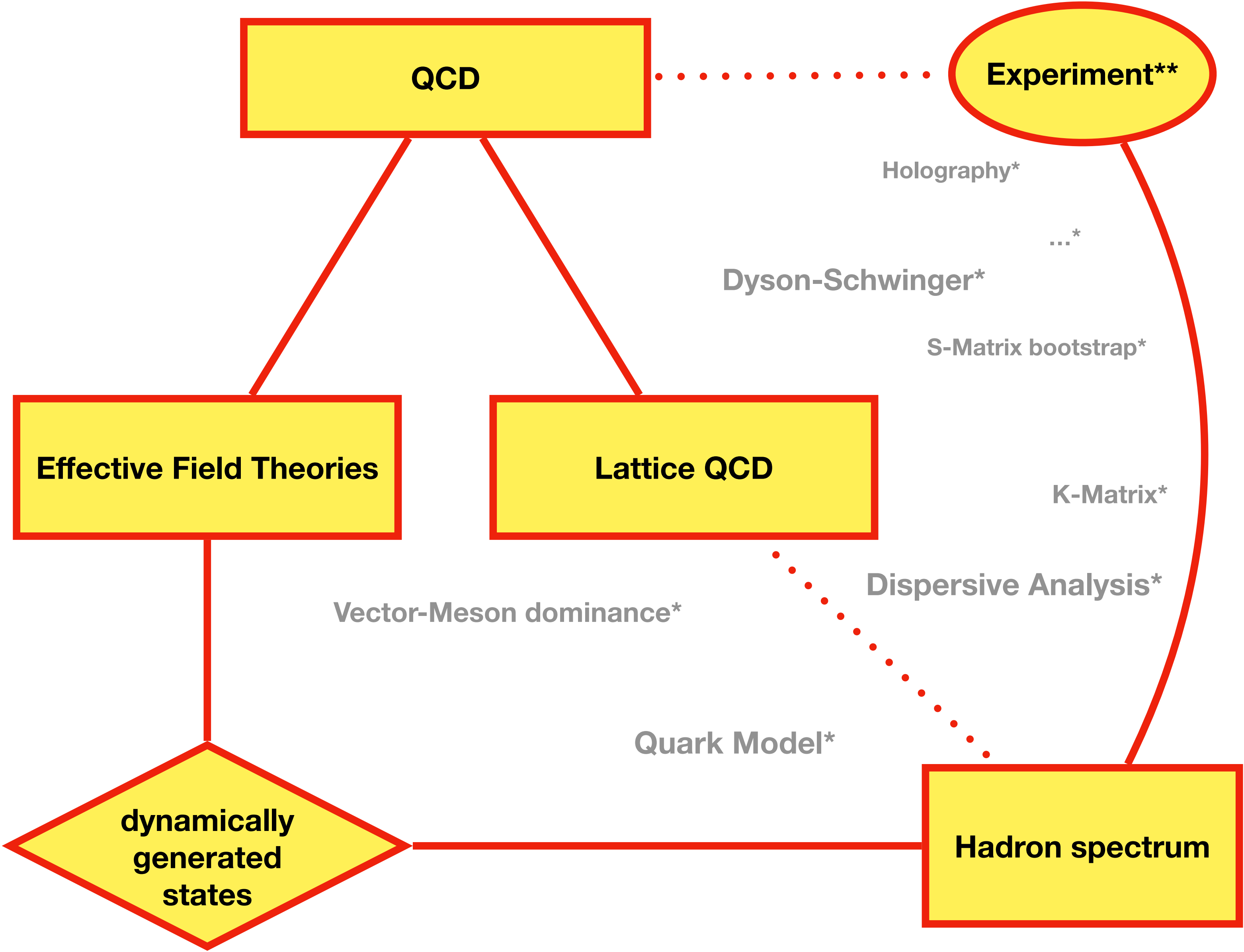


GOING FULL CIRCLE:
QCD TO EFT TO DYNAMICALLY
GENERATED RESONANCES
AND BACK TO (LATTICE) QCD

MAXIM MAI

UNIVERSITY OF BERN (main)
THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Nuclear Physics Kolloquium 30.01.2025
Goethe University Frankfurt (Institute for Theoretical Physics)



*) not part of the talk **) low-energy



OUTLINE

1. Motivation

Observation, Theory, ...

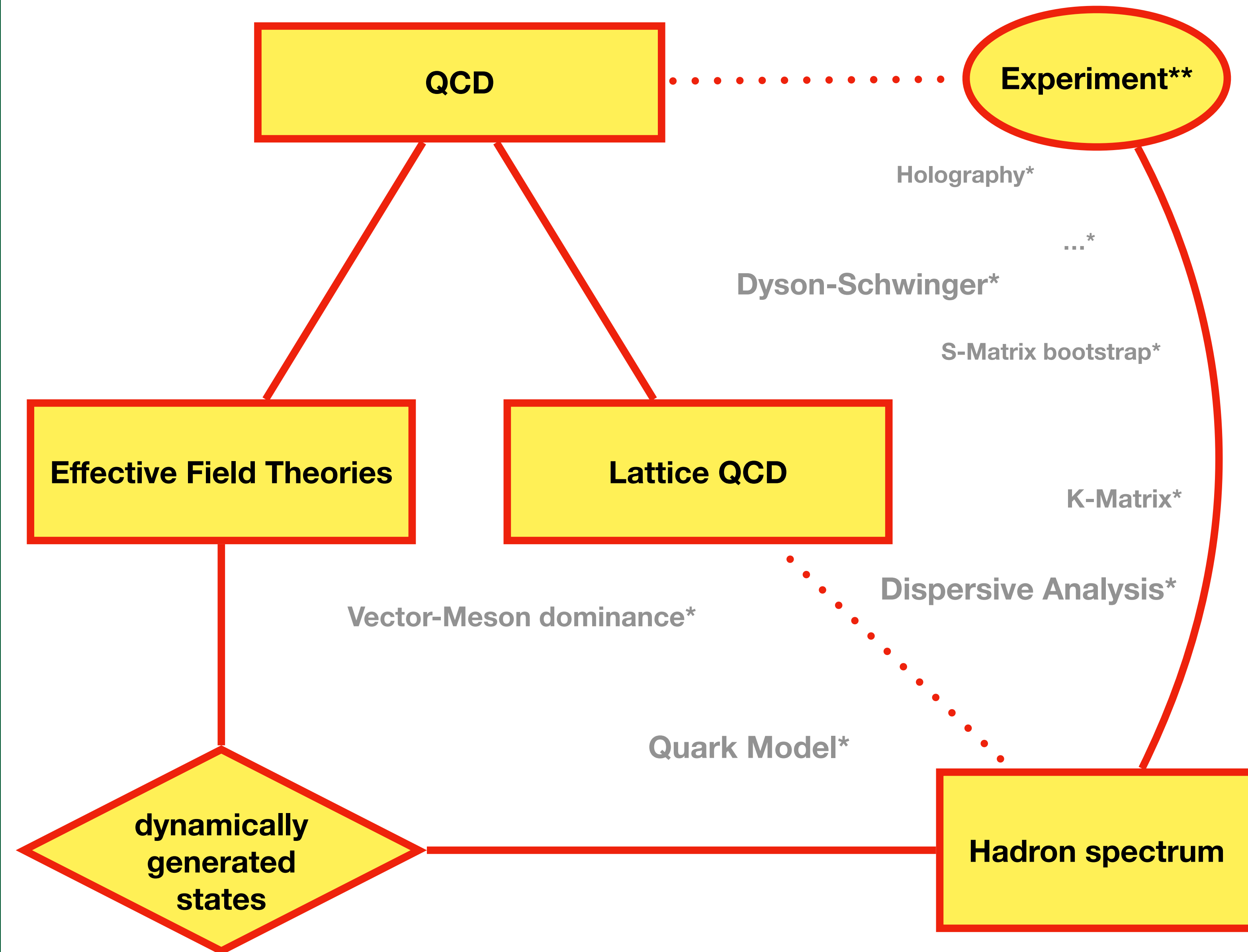
2. Dynamically Generated Resonances

Methodology, Examples, $\Lambda(1405)$, ...

3. Applications to LQCD

Chiral extrapolations,
Quantization conditions...

4. Summary/Outlook

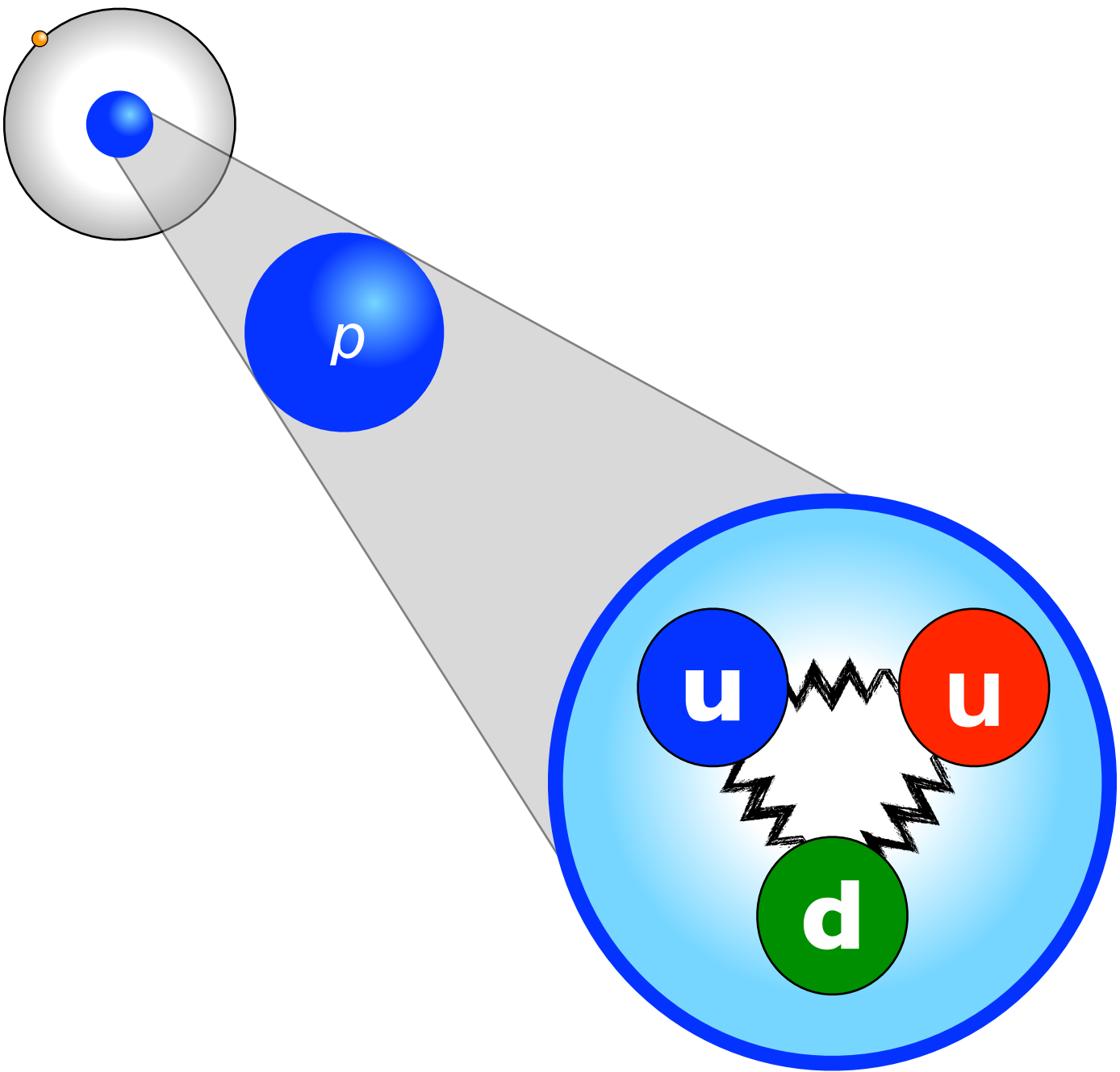


*) not part of the talk **) low-energy

BIG PICTURE

Protons/neutrons

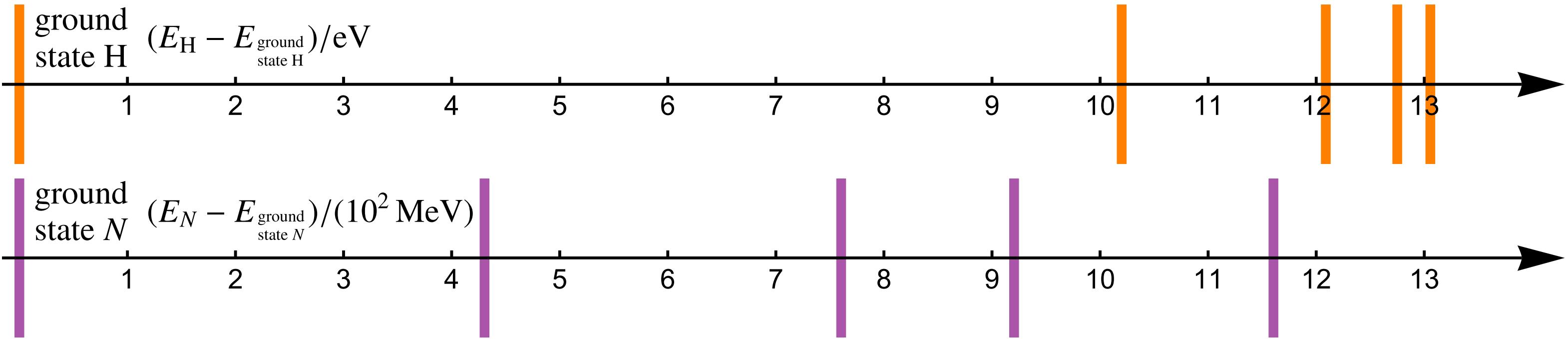
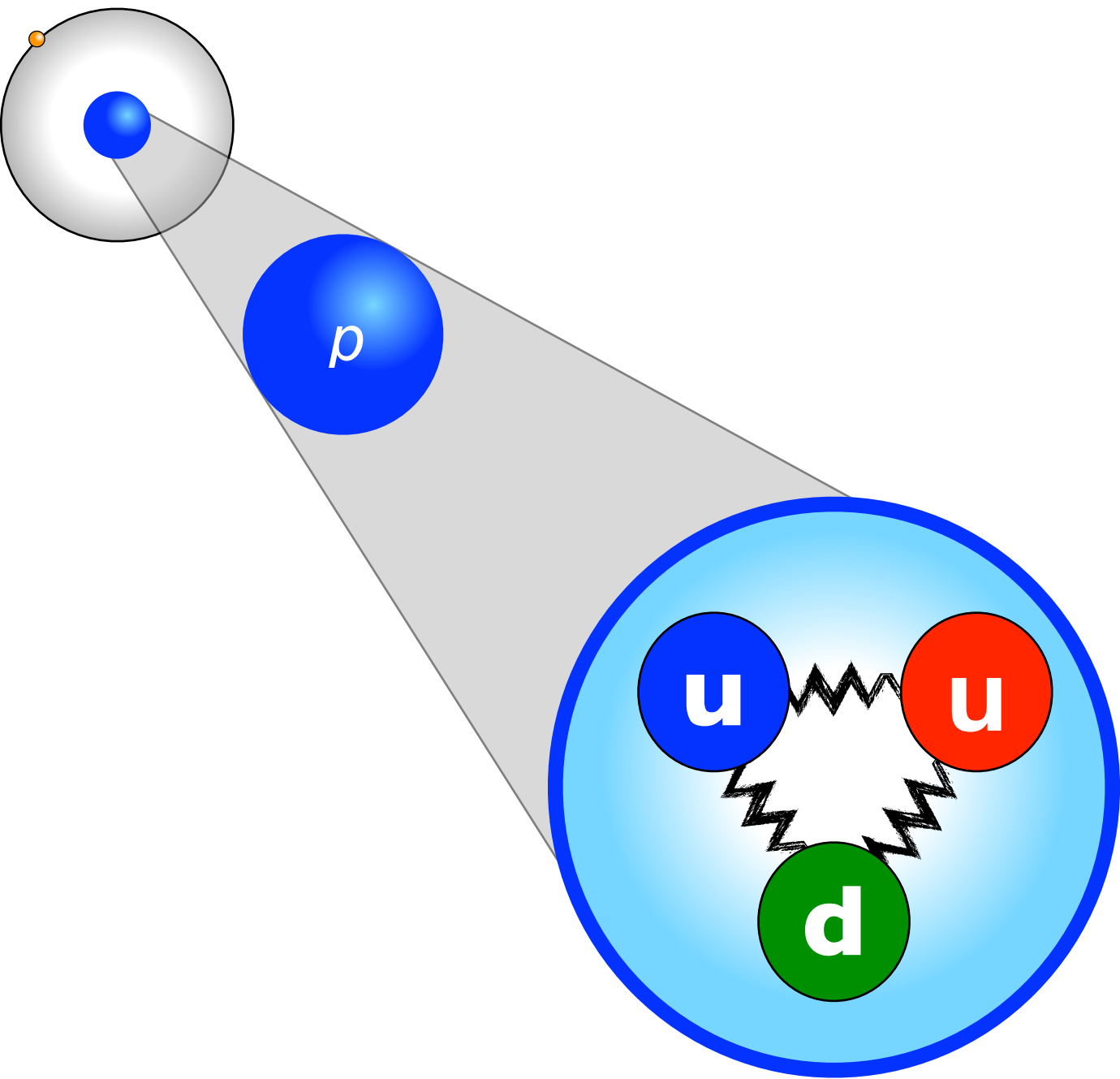
- 99% of the mass of visible matter in the universe
- Building blocks: **quarks & gluons (strong force)**
- Part of a large class of particles: **hadrons**



BIG PICTURE

Protons/neutrons

- 99% of the mass of visible matter in the universe
- Building blocks: **quarks & gluons (strong force)**
- Part of a large class of particles: **hadrons**



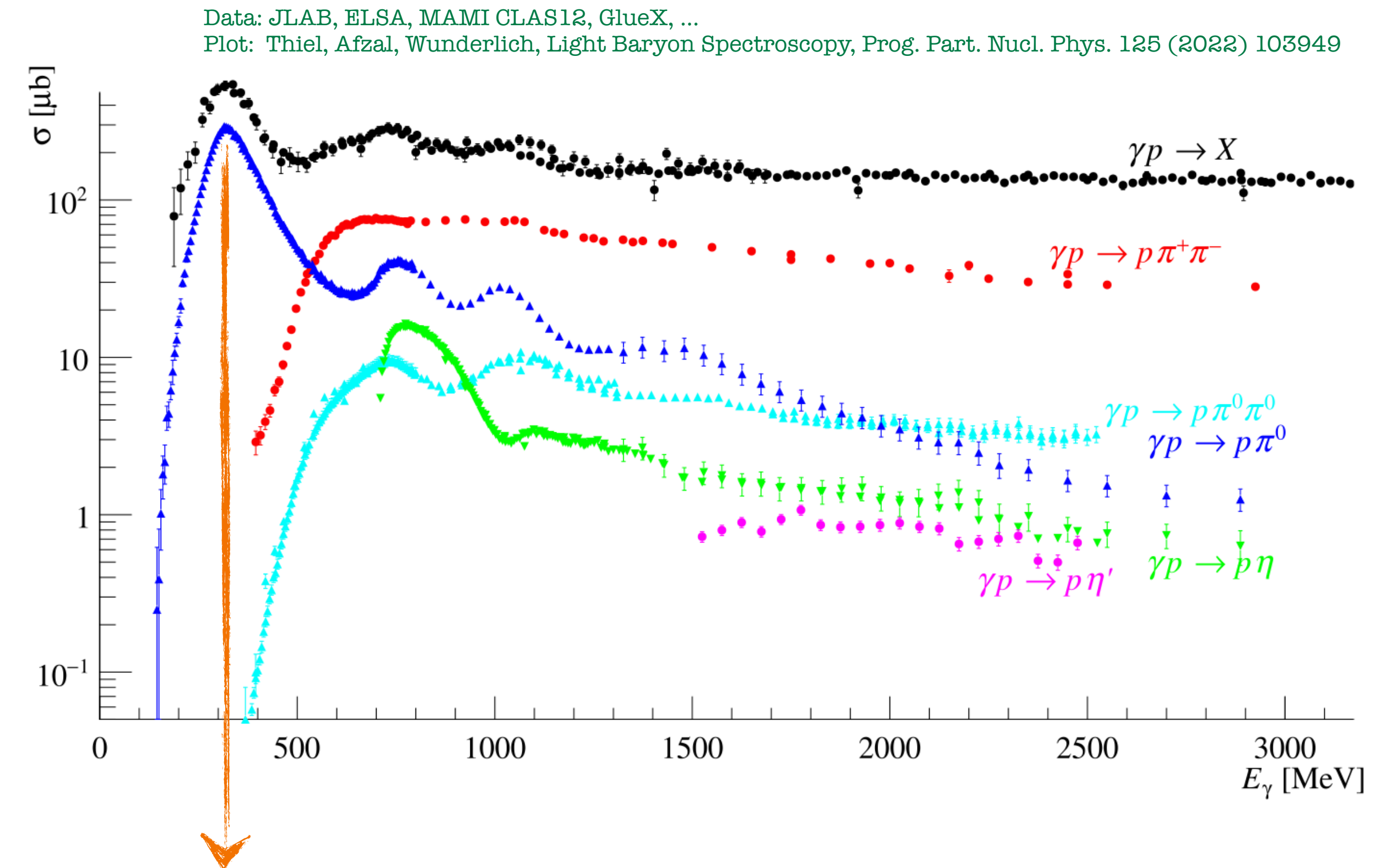
Hydrogen spectrum (✓)

Proton spectrum (?)

EXPERIMENTS / RESONANCES

Observations

- many available data and ongoing experiments
- resonances:
 - increased interaction rates (bumps)



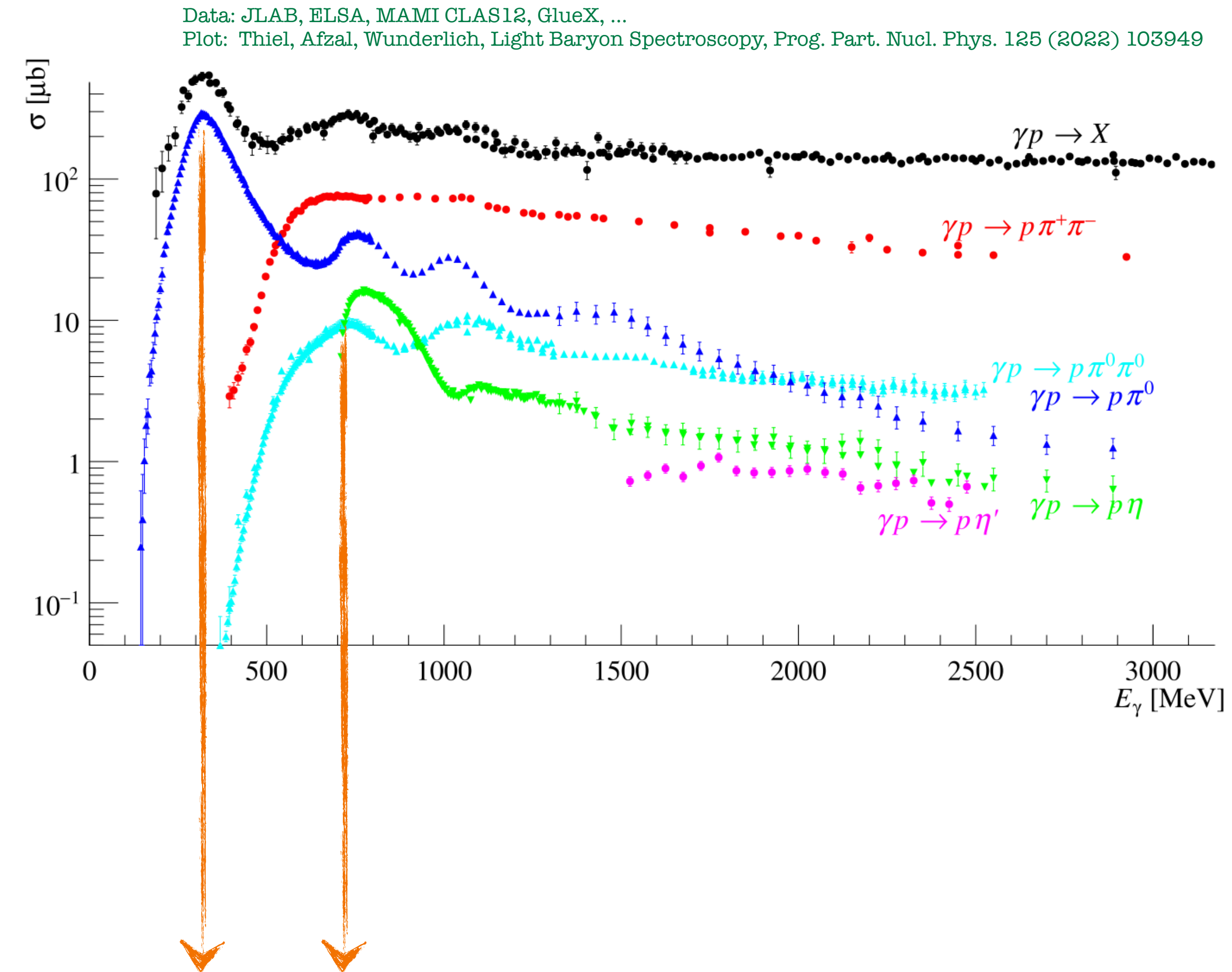
$\Delta(1232)$

Anderson/Fermi/...PhysRev.85.934

EXPERIMENTS / RESONANCES

Observations

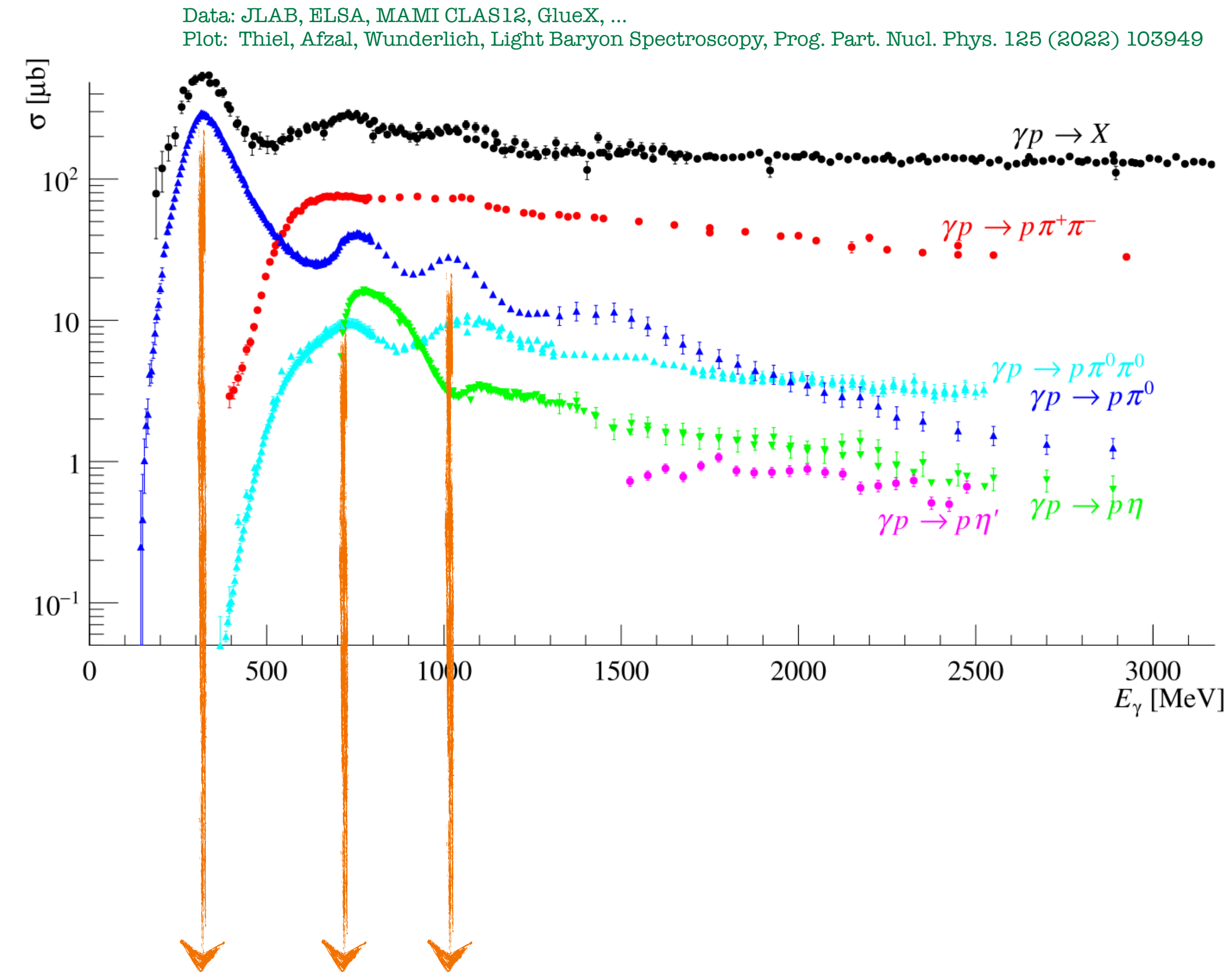
- many available data and ongoing experiments
- resonances:
 - increased interaction rates (bumps)



EXPERIMENTS / RESONANCES

Observations

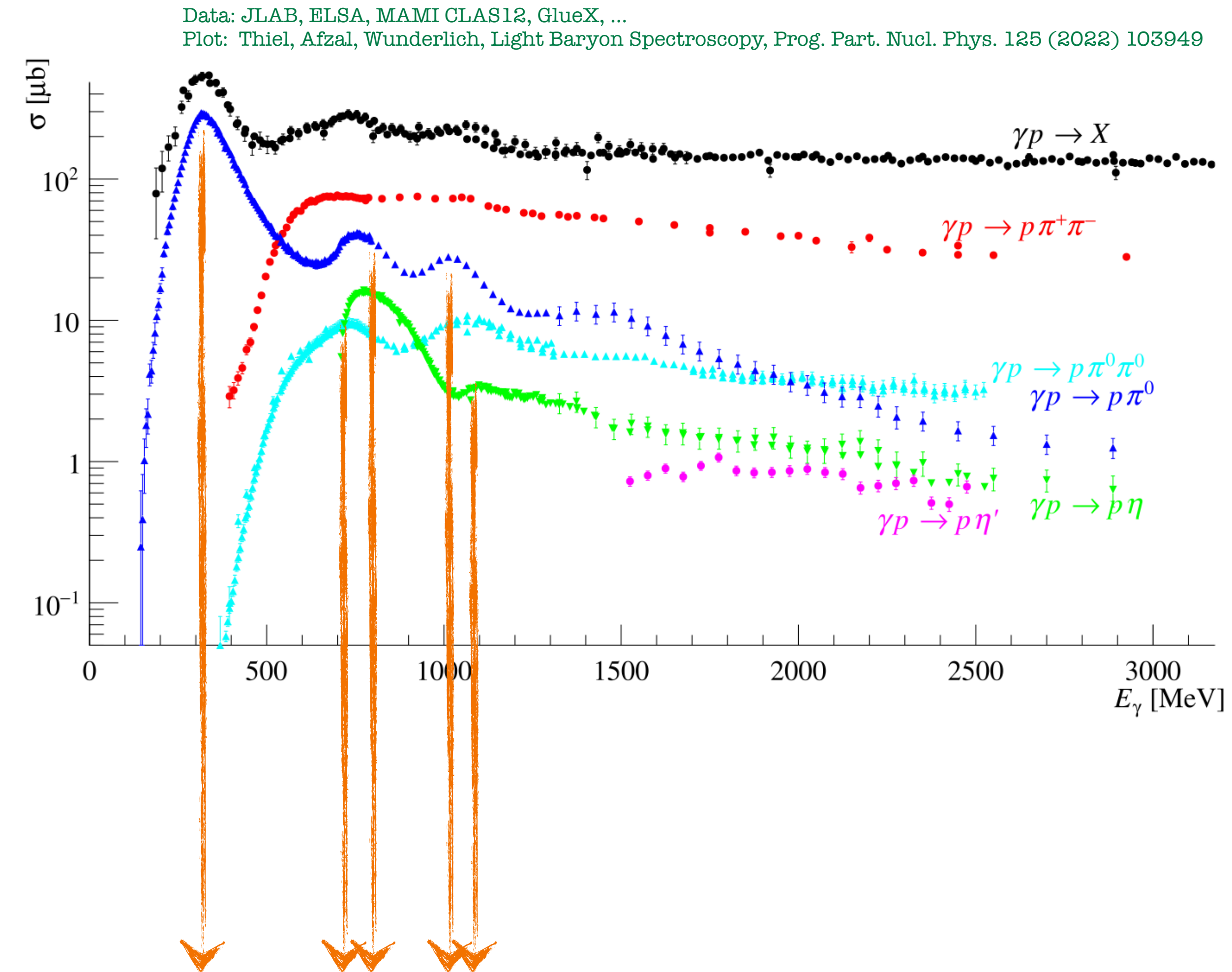
- many available data and ongoing experiments
- resonances:
 - increased interaction rates (bumps)



EXPERIMENTS / RESONANCES

Observations

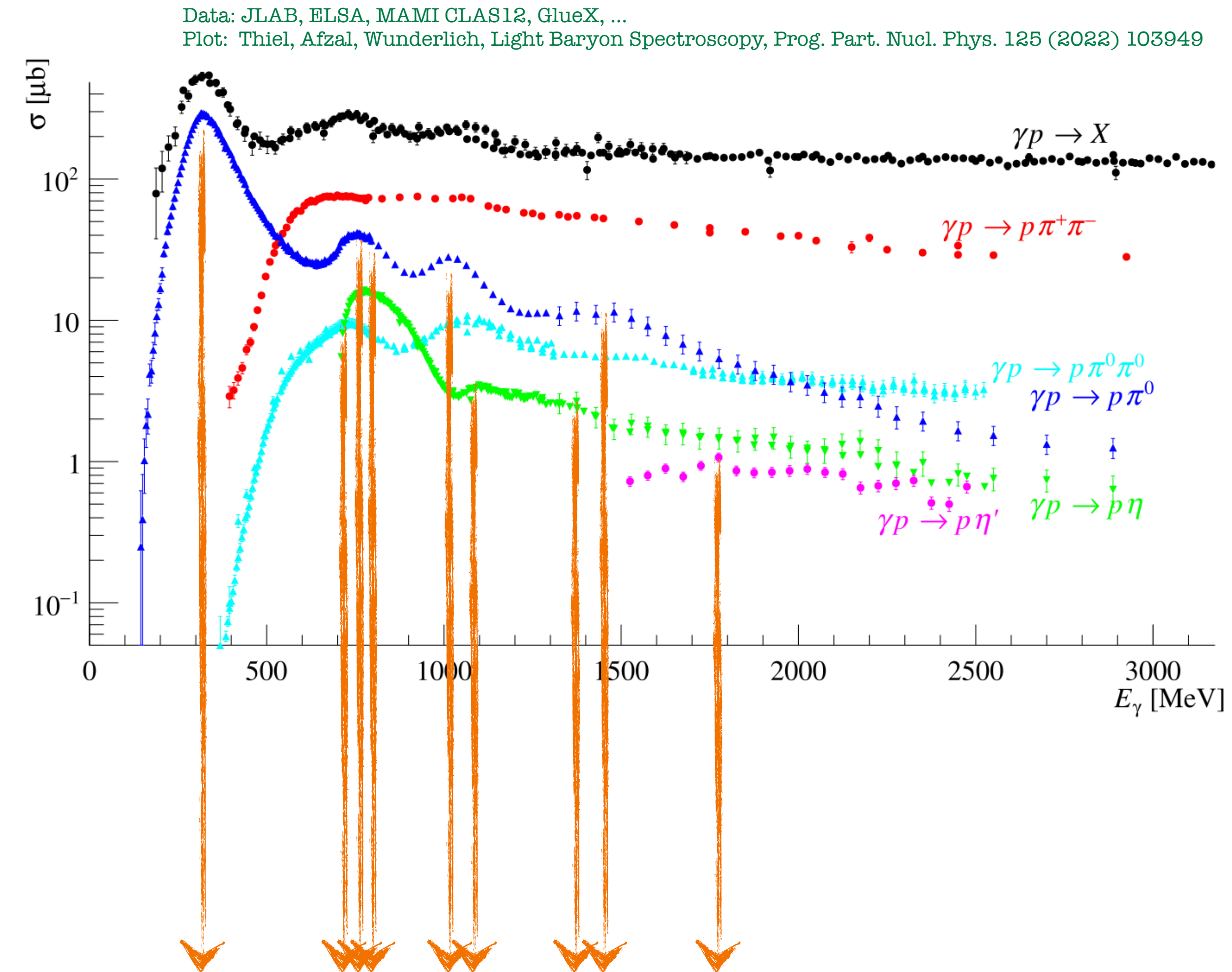
- many available data and ongoing experiments
- resonances:
 - increased interaction rates (bumps)



EXPERIMENTS / RESONANCES

Observations

- many available data and ongoing experiments
- resonances:
 - increased interaction rates (bumps)

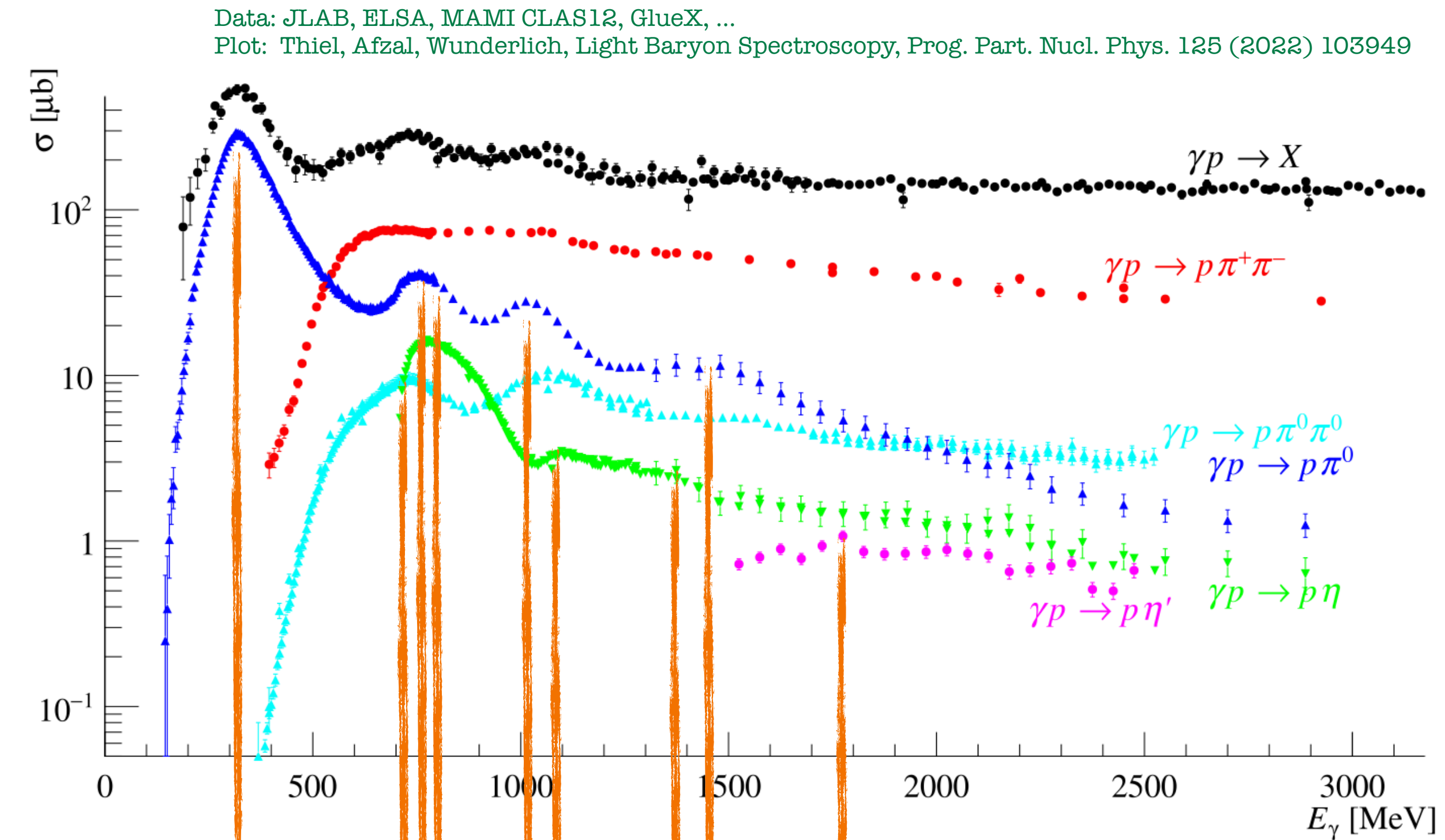


EXPERIMENTS / RESONANCES

Observations

- many available data and ongoing experiments
- resonances:
 - increased interaction rates (bumps)

- reaction-type dependence
- overlapping resonances
- kinematical effects (cusps/triangle singularities/...)

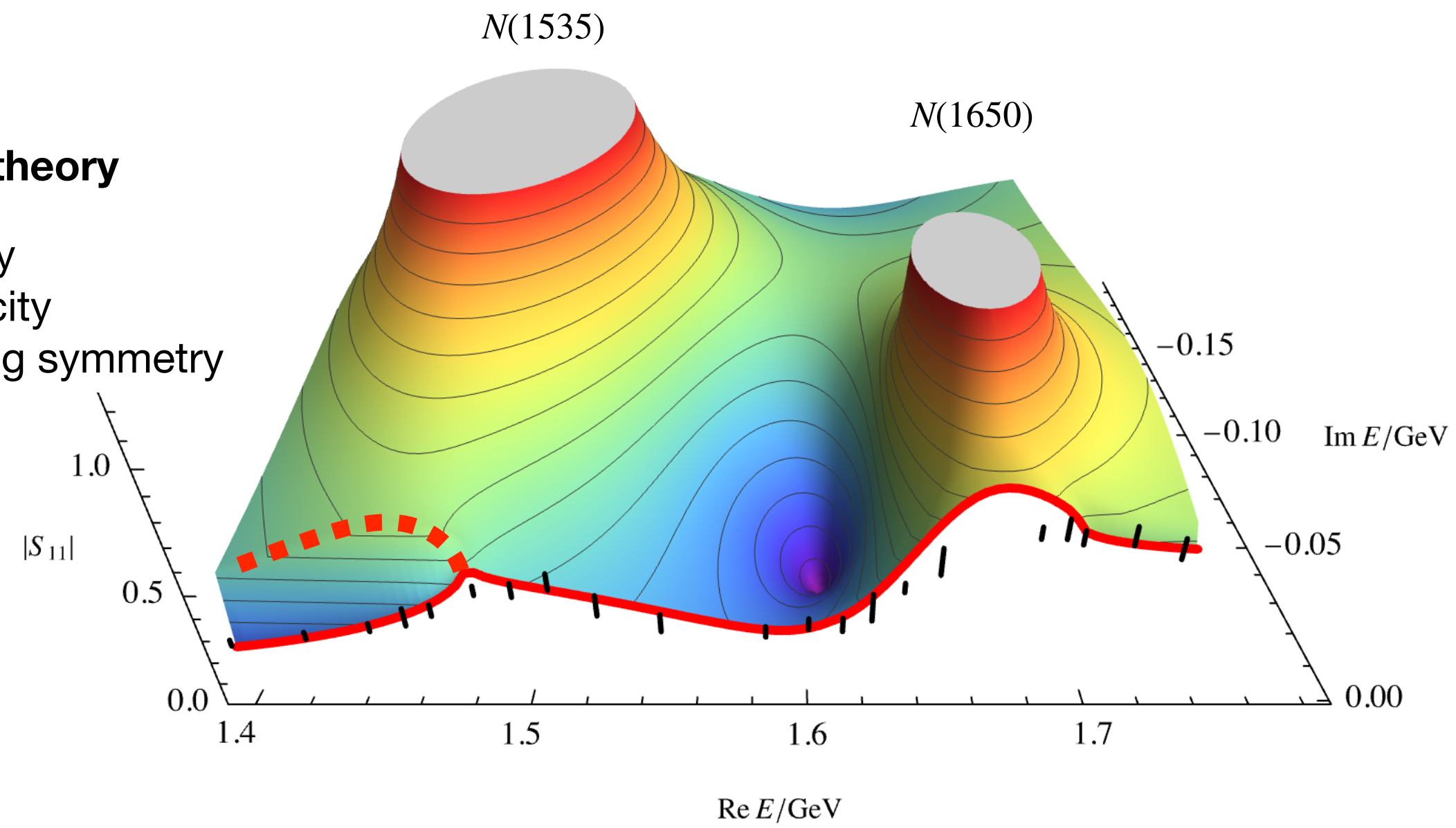


B
P ~~D~~ G = “particle bump group”

TRANSITION AMPLITUDES

S-matrix theory

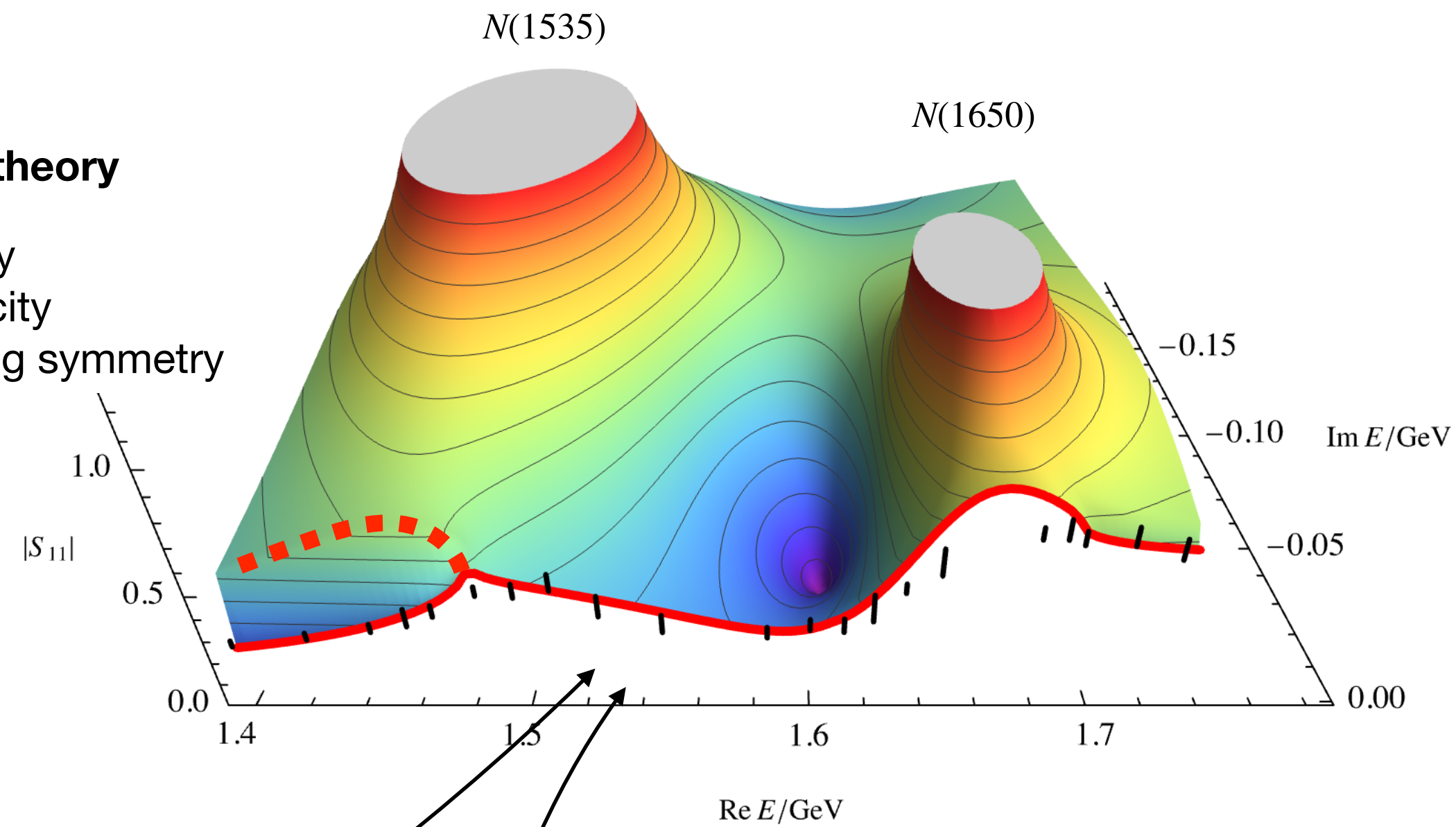
- Unitarity
- Analyticity
- Crossing symmetry



TRANSITION AMPLITUDES

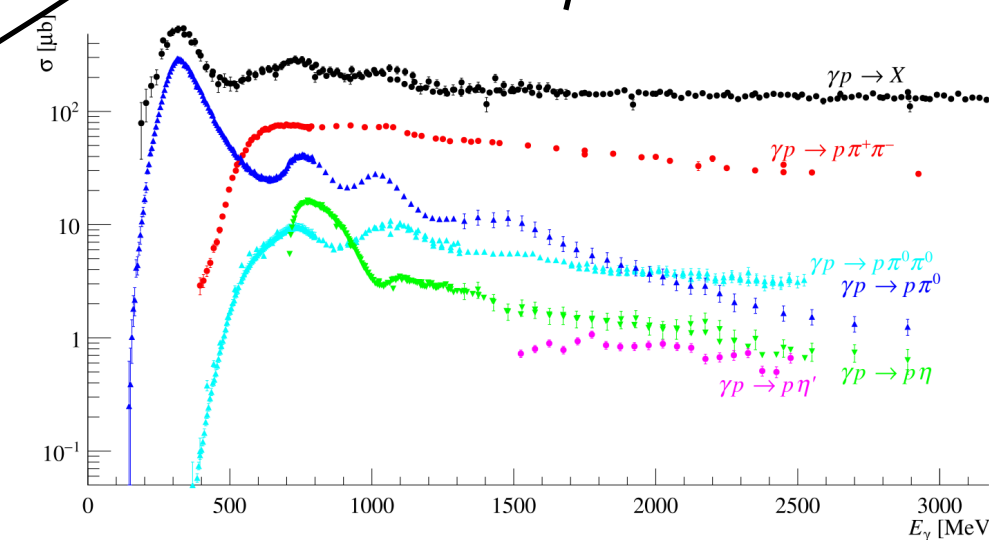
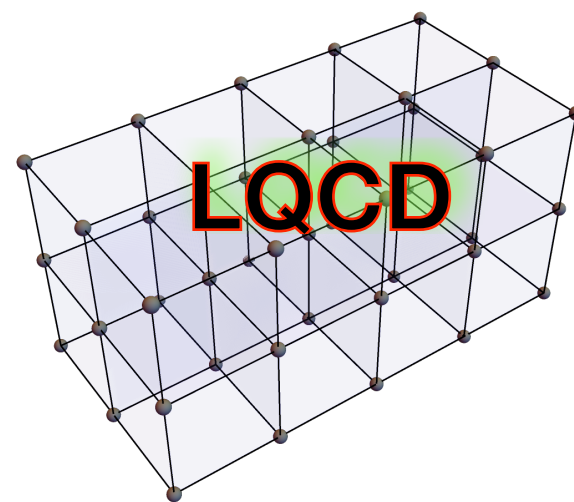
S-matrix theory

- Unitarity
- Analyticity
- Crossing symmetry



Boundary ($E \in \mathbb{R}$):

- Experiment
- Lattice QCD
- Effective Field Theories

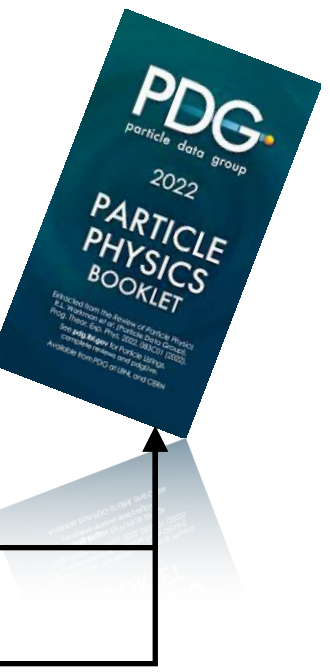


Data: SAID: Phys. Rev. C 74 (2006) 045205
Model: MM et al. Phys.Rev.D 86 (2012) 094033

TRANSITION AMPLITUDES

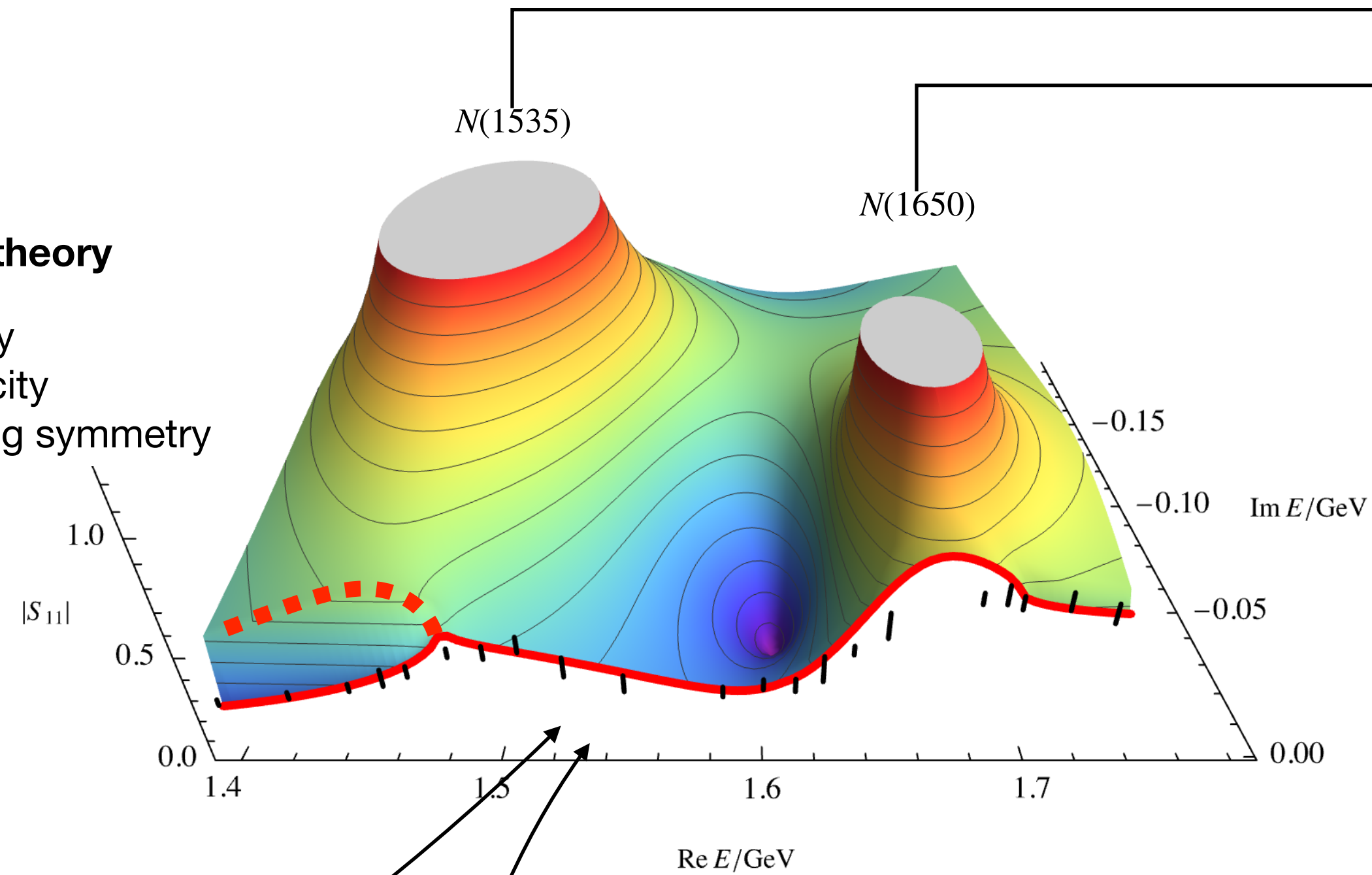
Poles on unphysical Riemann Sheets

- Universal resonance parameter



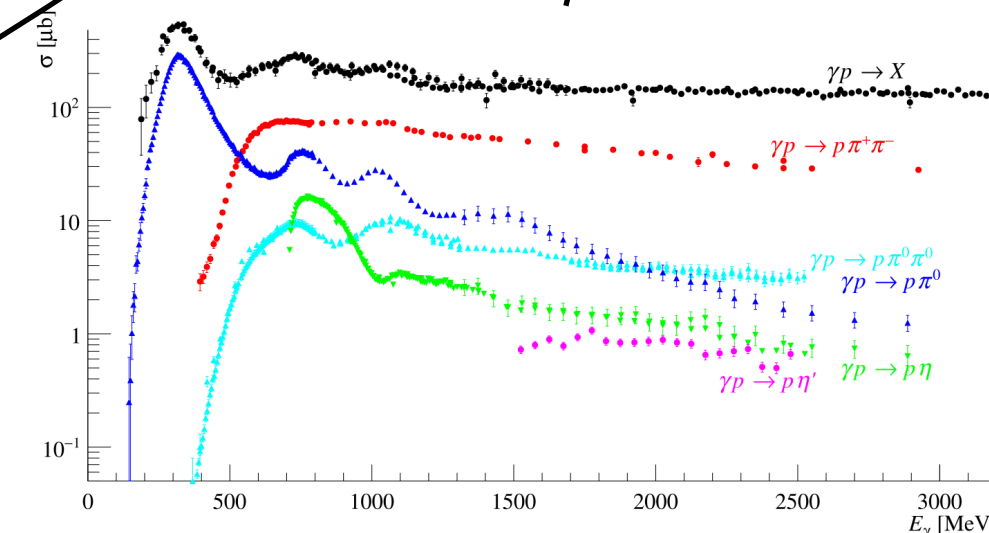
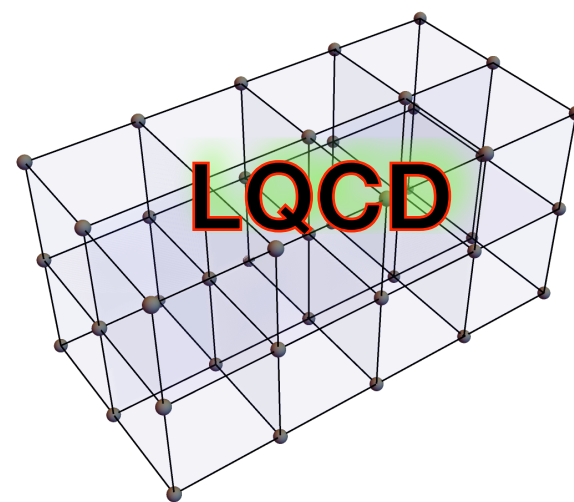
S-matrix theory

- Unitarity
- Analyticity
- Crossing symmetry



Boundary ($E \in \mathbb{R}$):

- Experiment
- Lattice QCD
- Effective Field Theories



Data: SAID: Phys. Rev. C 74 (2006) 045205
Model: MM et al. Phys.Rev.D 86 (2012) 094033

OUTLINE

1. Motivation

Observation, Theory, ...

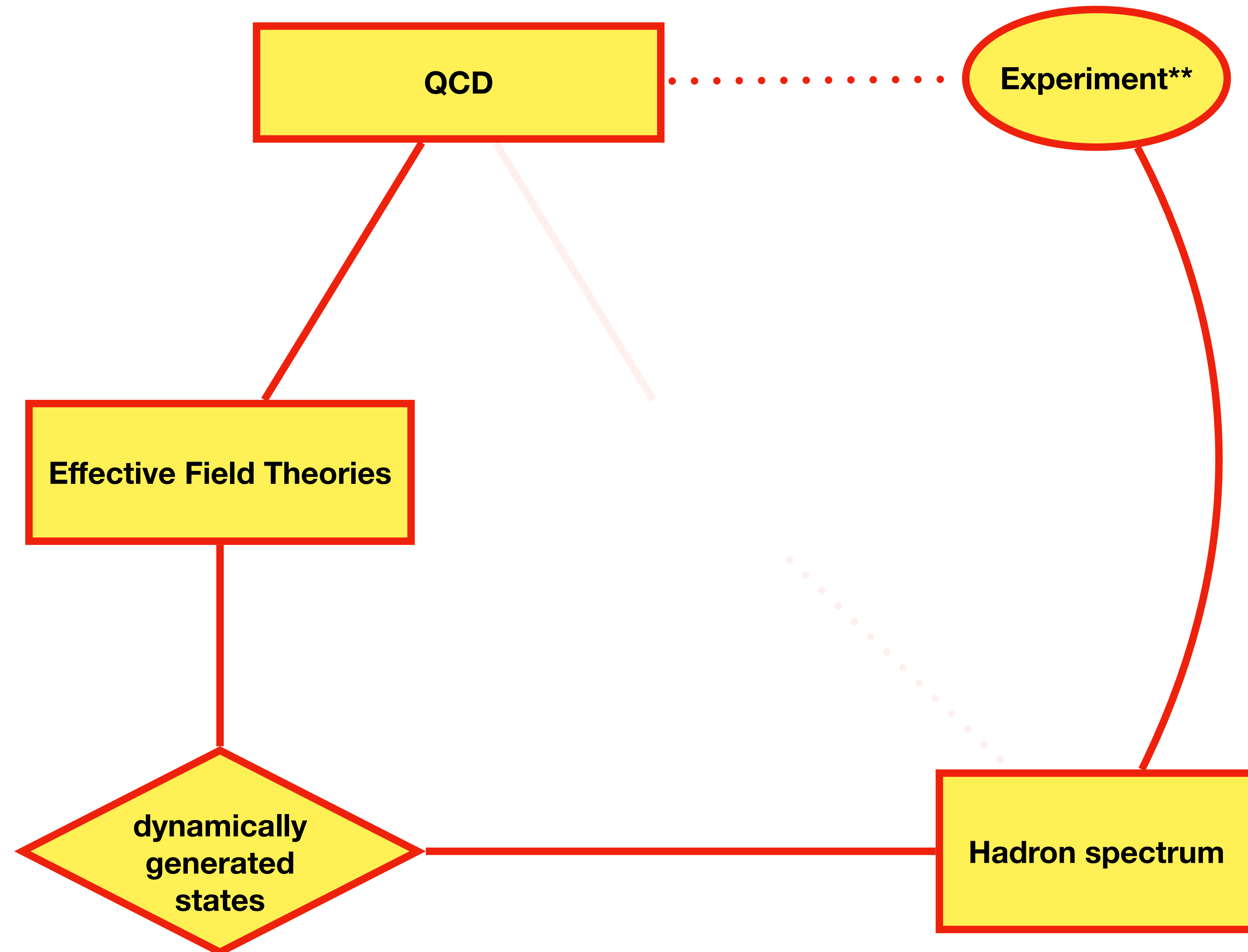
2. Dynamically Generated Resonances

Methodology, Examples, $\Lambda(1405)$, ...

3. Applications to LQCD

Chiral extrapolations,
Quantization Conditions...

4. Summary/Outlook

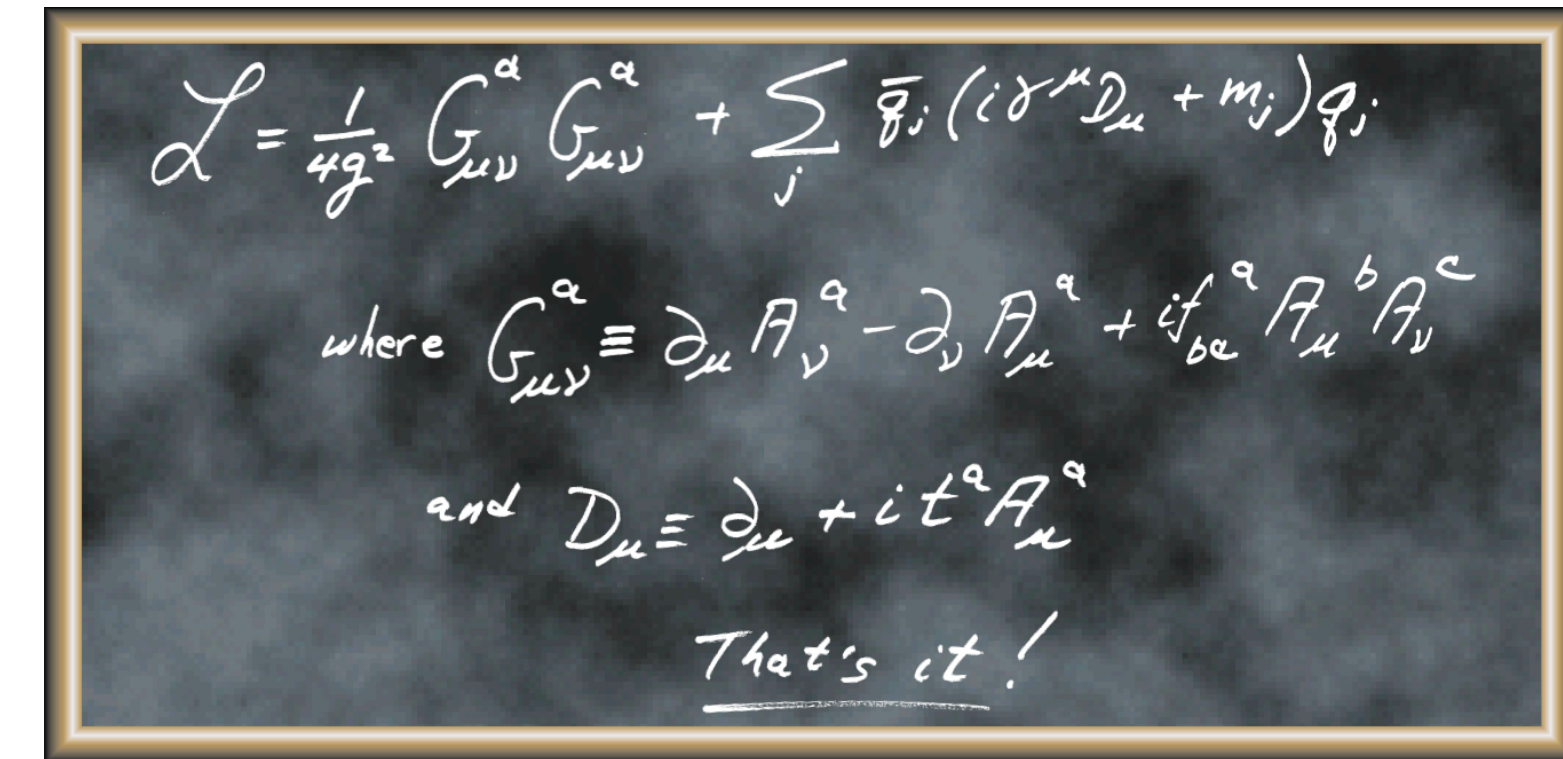


*) not part of the talk **) low-energy

EXCITED HADRONS AND QCD

Low-energy regime of QCD = double trouble

- small relative momenta
- non-perturbative energy regime
- need to evaluate infinitely many diagrams



The image shows a chalkboard with the QCD Lagrangian and its components written in white chalk. The Lagrangian is $\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{4g^2} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\mu\nu}^a + \sum_j \bar{q}_j (i\gamma^\mu D_\mu + m_j) q_j$. Below it, the gluon field strength tensor is defined as $G_{\mu\nu}^a \equiv \partial_\mu A_\nu^a - \partial_\nu A_\mu^a + if_{bc}^a A_\mu^b A_\nu^c$, and the covariant derivative is $D_\mu \equiv \partial_\mu + it^a A_\mu^a$. The phrase "That's it!" is written at the bottom.

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{4g^2} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\mu\nu}^a + \sum_j \bar{q}_j (i\gamma^\mu D_\mu + m_j) q_j$$

where $G_{\mu\nu}^a \equiv \partial_\mu A_\nu^a - \partial_\nu A_\mu^a + if_{bc}^a A_\mu^b A_\nu^c$

and $D_\mu \equiv \partial_\mu + it^a A_\mu^a$

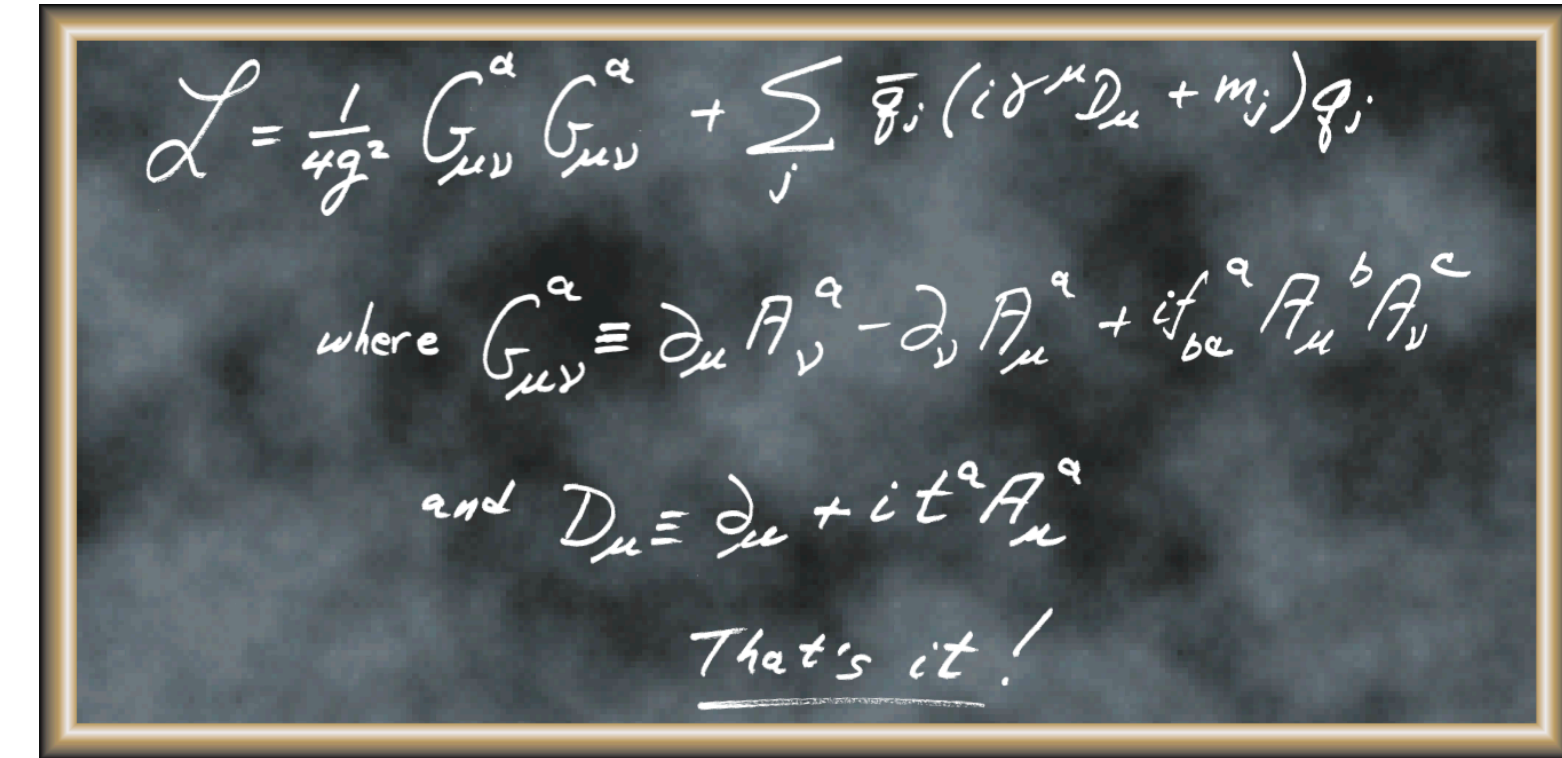
That's it!

http://frankwilczek.com/Wilczek_Easy_Pieces/298_QCD_Made_Simple.pdf

EXCITED HADRONS AND QCD

Low-energy regime of QCD = double trouble

- small relative momenta
- non-perturbative energy regime
- need to evaluate infinitely many diagrams



Handwritten QCD Lagrangian on a chalkboard:

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{4g^2} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\mu\nu}^a + \sum_j \bar{q}_j (i\gamma^\mu D_\mu + m_j) q_j$$

where $G_{\mu\nu}^a \equiv \partial_\mu A_\nu^a - \partial_\nu A_\mu^a + if_{bc}^a A_\mu^b A_\nu^c$

and $D_\mu \equiv \partial_\mu + it^a A_\mu^a$

That's it!

http://frankwilczek.com/Wilczek_Easy_Pieces/298_QCD_Made_Simple.pdf

Effective Field Theory (CHPT)

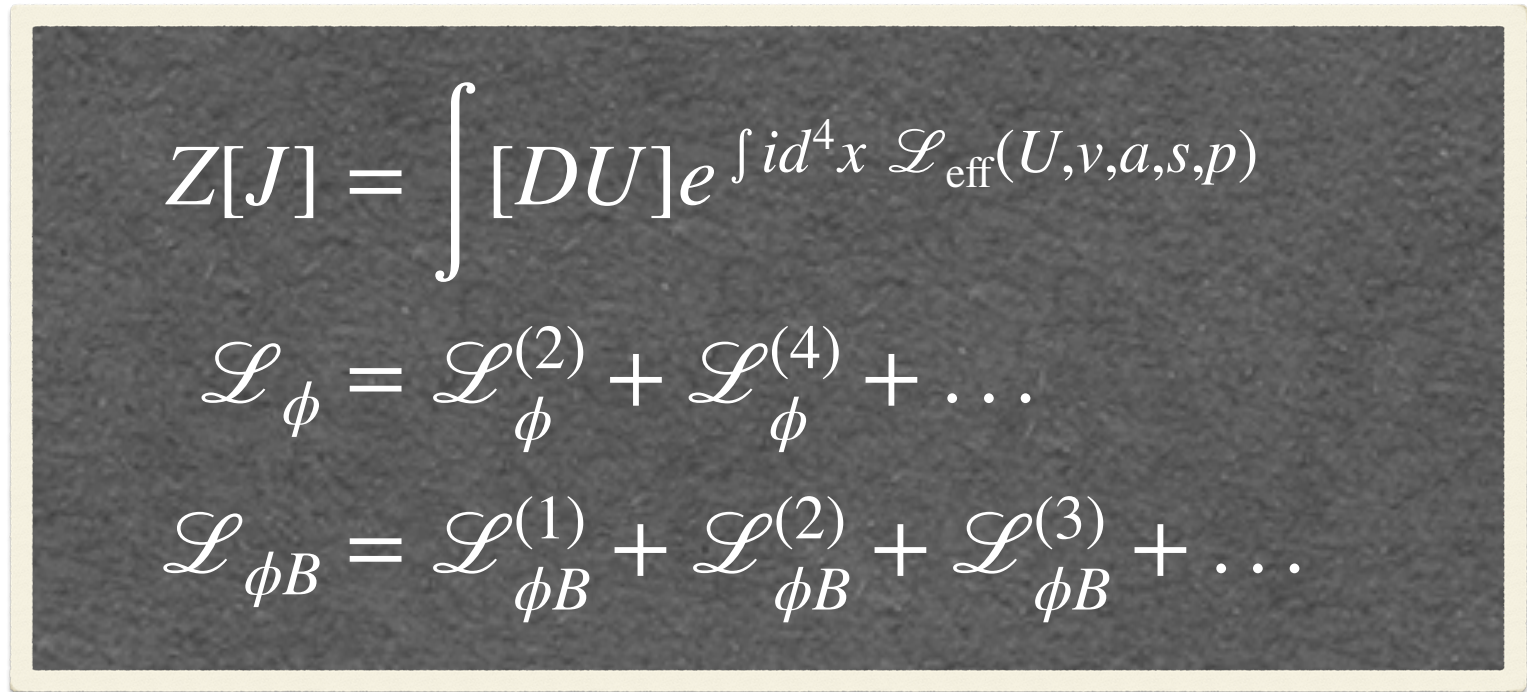
- Effective/Hadronic degrees of freedom
- Infinitely many low-energy constants
- Well-defined power counting
- Benchmark for many low-energy hadronic interactions

Reviews:

V. Bernard and U.-G. Meißner, Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 57, 33 (2007)

V. Bernard, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 60, 82 (2008)

S. Scherer, Adv. Nucl. Phys. 27, 277 (2003)



Handwritten effective Lagrangian on a chalkboard:

$$Z[J] = \int [DU] e^{\int id^4x \mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}(U, v, a, s, p)}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_\phi = \mathcal{L}_\phi^{(2)} + \mathcal{L}_\phi^{(4)} + \dots$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\phi B} = \mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{(1)} + \mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{(2)} + \mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{(3)} + \dots$$

Weinberg (1979) Gasser, Leutwyler (1981)

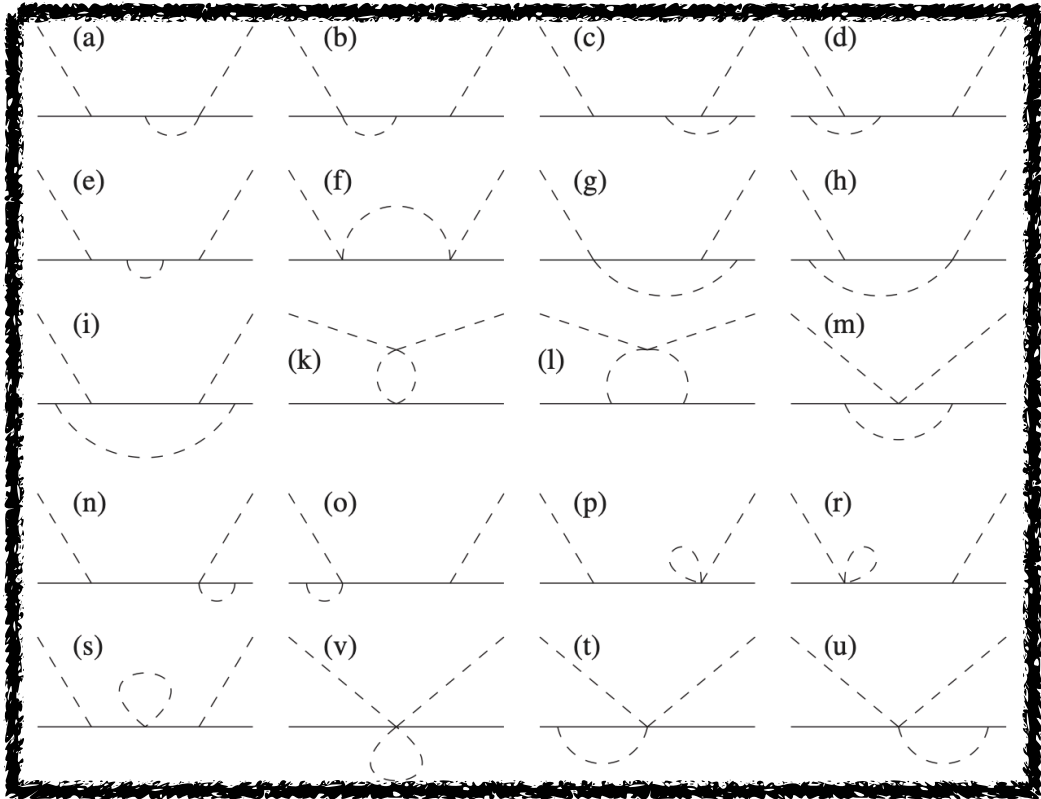
EXAMPLE: BARYON CHPT

Meson-baryon scattering from CHPT

MM/P.C.Bruns/Ulf-G. Meißner/B.Kubis Phys.Rev.D 80 (2009) 094006

- full SU(3) dynamics near threshold
- agrees with experiment in many cases
- provides predictions for not measured channels

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{(2)} = & b_{D/F} \langle \bar{B} [\chi_+, B]_{\pm} \rangle + b_0 \langle \bar{B} B \rangle \langle \chi_+ \rangle + b_{1/2} \langle \bar{B} [u_\mu, [u^\mu, B]_{\mp}] \rangle + b_3 \langle \bar{B} \{u_\mu, \{u^\mu, B\}\} \rangle + b_4 \langle \bar{B} B \rangle \langle u_\mu u^\mu \rangle \\ & + i\sigma^{\mu\nu} (b_{5/6} \langle \bar{B} [[u_\mu, u_\nu], B]_{\mp} \rangle + b_7 \langle \bar{B} u_\mu \rangle \langle u_\nu B \rangle) + \frac{ib_{8/9}}{2m_0} (\langle \bar{B} \gamma^\mu [u_\mu, [u_\nu, [D^\nu, B]_{\mp}]] \rangle + \langle \bar{B} \gamma^\mu [D_\nu, [u^\nu, [u_\mu, B]_{\mp}]] \rangle) \\ & + \frac{ib_{10}}{2m_0} (\langle \bar{B} \gamma^\mu \{u_\mu, \{u_\nu, [D^\nu, B]\}\} \rangle + \langle \bar{B} \gamma^\mu [D_\nu, \{u^\nu, \{u_\mu, B\}\}] \rangle) + \frac{ib_{11}}{2m_0} (2 \langle \bar{B} \gamma^\mu [D_\nu, B] \rangle \langle u_\mu u^\nu \rangle \\ & + \langle \bar{B} \gamma^\mu B \rangle \langle [D_\nu, u_\mu] u^\nu + u_\mu [D_\nu, u^\nu] \rangle),\end{aligned}\tag{8}$$



$$u_\mu = -i \frac{\partial_\mu \phi}{F} + \mathcal{O}(\phi^3)$$

Channel =	$\mathcal{O}(q^1)$	$+\mathcal{O}(q^2)$	$+\mathcal{O}(q^3)_{\text{HB}}$	Σ_{HB}
$a_{\pi N}^{(3/2)} =$	-0.12	$+0.05^{+0.02}_{-0.03}$	$-0.06^{+0.00}_{+0.00}$	$-0.13^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$
$a_{\pi N}^{(1/2)} =$	+0.21	$+0.05^{+0.02}_{-0.03}$	$+0.00^{+0.00}_{+0.00}$	$+0.26^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$
$a_{\pi \Xi}^{(3/2)} =$	-0.12	$+0.04^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$	$-0.09^{+0.00}_{+0.00}$	$-0.17^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$
$a_{\pi \Xi}^{(1/2)} =$	+0.23	$+0.04^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$	$-0.03^{+0.00}_{+0.00}$	$+0.23^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$
$a_{\pi \Sigma}^{(2)} =$	-0.24	$+0.07^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	$-0.07^{+0.00}_{+0.00}$	$-0.24^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$

EXAMPLE: BARYON CHPT

Meson-baryon scattering from CHPT

MM/P.C.Bruns/Ulf-G. Meißner/B.Kubis Phys.Rev.D 80 (2009) 094006

- Fails for resonant (strangeness) channel
 - Kaon mass is large → **convergence**
 - Relevant thresholds are widely separated → **convergence**
 - Resonance just below $\bar{K}N$ threshold → **non-perturbative effect**

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{(2)} = & b_{D/F} \langle \bar{B}[\chi_+, B]_{\pm} \rangle + b_0 \langle \bar{B}B \rangle \langle \chi_+ \rangle + b_{1/2} \langle \bar{B}[u_\mu, [u^\mu, B]_{\mp}] \rangle + b_3 \langle \bar{B}\{u_\mu, \{u^\mu, B\}\} \rangle + b_4 \langle \bar{B}B \rangle \langle u_\mu u^\mu \rangle \\ & + i\sigma^{\mu\nu} (b_{5/6} \langle \bar{B}[[u_\mu, u_\nu], B]_{\mp}] \rangle + b_7 \langle \bar{B}u_\mu \rangle \langle u_\nu B \rangle) + \frac{ib_{8/9}}{2m_0} (\langle \bar{B}\gamma^\mu [u_\mu, [u_\nu, [D^\nu, B]]_{\mp}] \rangle + \langle \bar{B}\gamma^\mu [D_\nu, [u^\nu, [u_\mu, B]]_{\mp}] \rangle) \\ & + \frac{ib_{10}}{2m_0} (\langle \bar{B}\gamma^\mu \{u_\mu, \{u_\nu, [D^\nu, B]\}\} \rangle + \langle \bar{B}\gamma^\mu [D_\nu, \{u^\nu, \{u_\mu, B\}\}] \rangle) + \frac{ib_{11}}{2m_0} (2\langle \bar{B}\gamma^\mu [D_\nu, B] \rangle \langle u_\mu u^\nu \rangle \\ & + \langle \bar{B}\gamma^\mu B \rangle \langle [D_\nu, u_\mu] u^\nu + u_\mu [D_\nu, u^\nu] \rangle), \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{\bar{K}N}^{I=0} &= \left((+0.53)_{\text{LO}} + (+0.97)_{\text{NLO}} + (-0.40 + 0.22i)_{\text{NNLO}} + \dots \right) \text{ fm}, \\ a_{\bar{K}N}^{I=1} &= \left((+0.20)_{\text{LO}} + (+0.22)_{\text{NLO}} + (-0.26 + 0.18i)_{\text{NNLO}} + \dots \right) \text{ fm}. \end{aligned}$$

$\bar{K}N$ INTERACTION

Overarching impact

- Test of our understanding of QCD
Modern/Upcoming experiments: CLAS12, Klong, SIS100
- Kaonic hydrogen/deuterium energy shift
DAPHNE/DEAR...

- $\bar{K}NN$ & $\bar{K}NNN$ bound states (JPARC/...)

Review: Gal/Hungerford/Millener (2016); Iwasaki et al. Phys.Rev.C 110 (2024) 1, 014002, ...

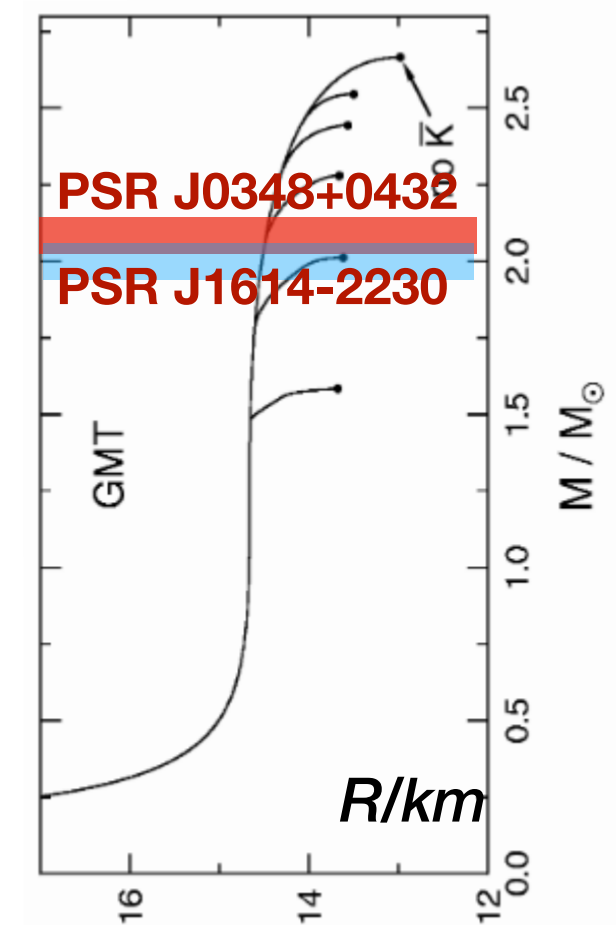
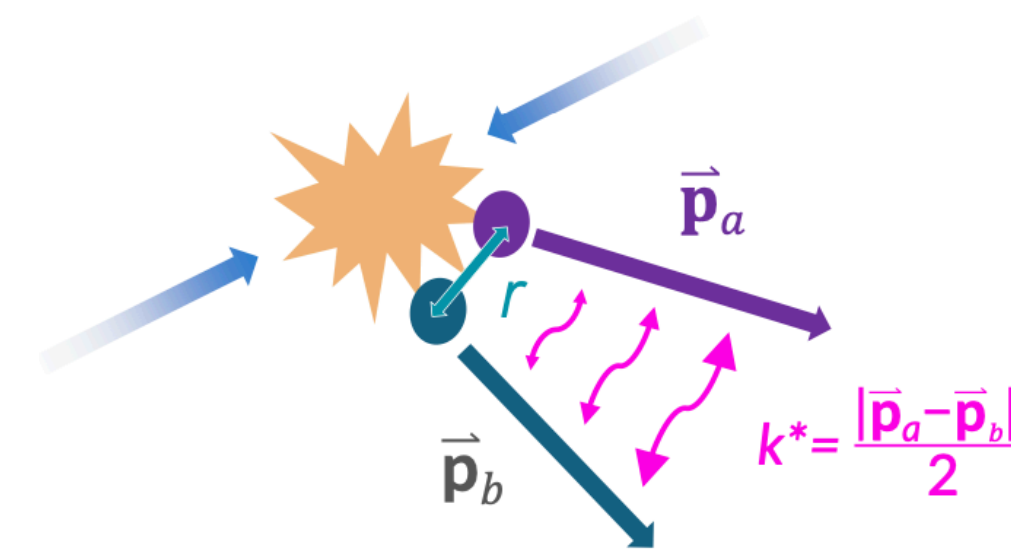
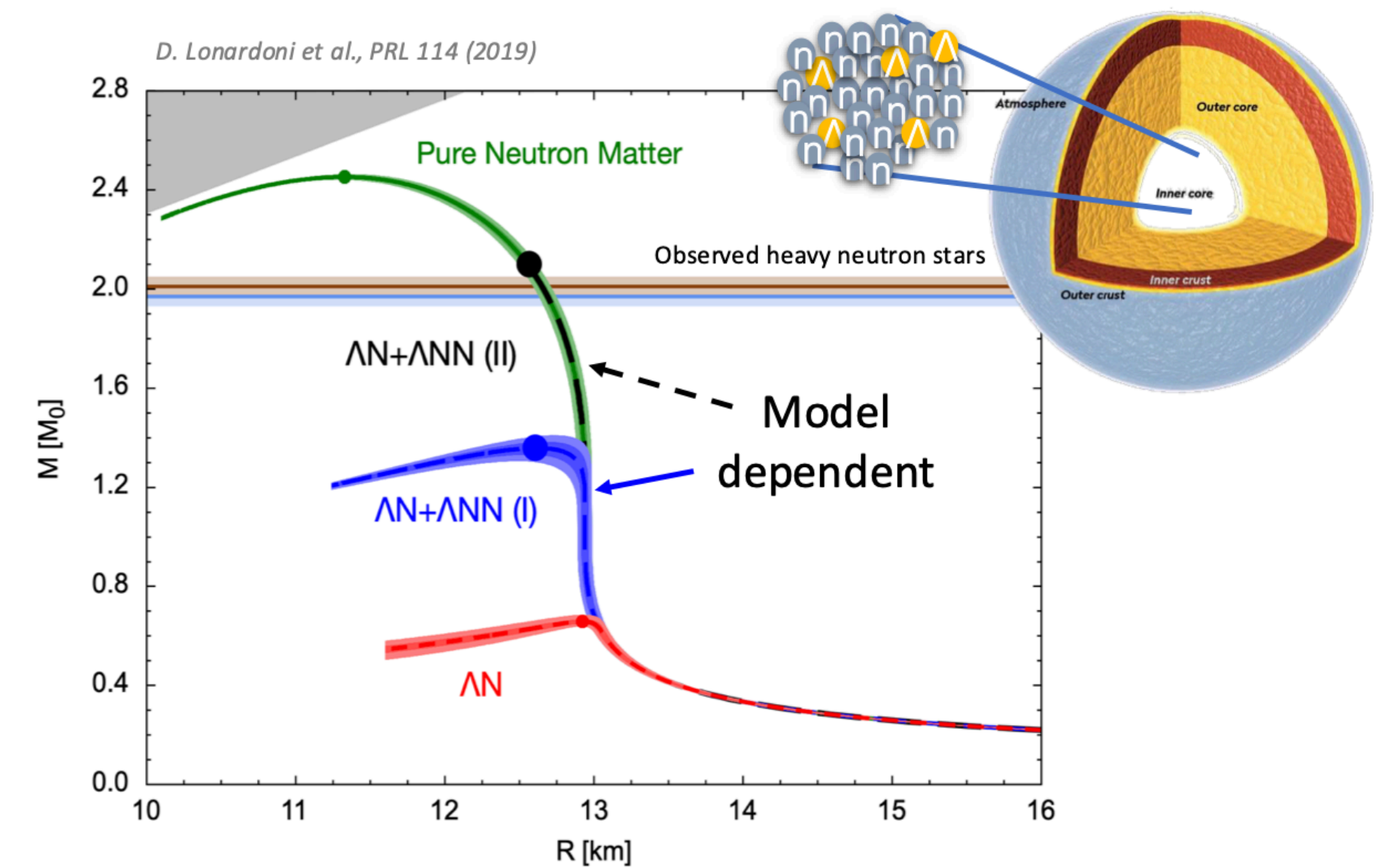
- K^- in medium

Mareš et al. Acta Phys. Polon. B 51, 129 (2020), Hrtánková et al. Phys.Lett. B 785, 90 (2018), ...
Cassing/Tolos/Bratkovskaya/Ramos Nucl.Phys.A 727 (2003) 59-94

>> K^- -condensate in NS >> Equation of State

- Femtoscopy/Correlations

Michael Annan Lisa et al, Ann.Rev.Nucl.Part.Sci. 55 (2005) 357-402, L. Fabbietti et al., ARNPS 71 (2021), 377-402



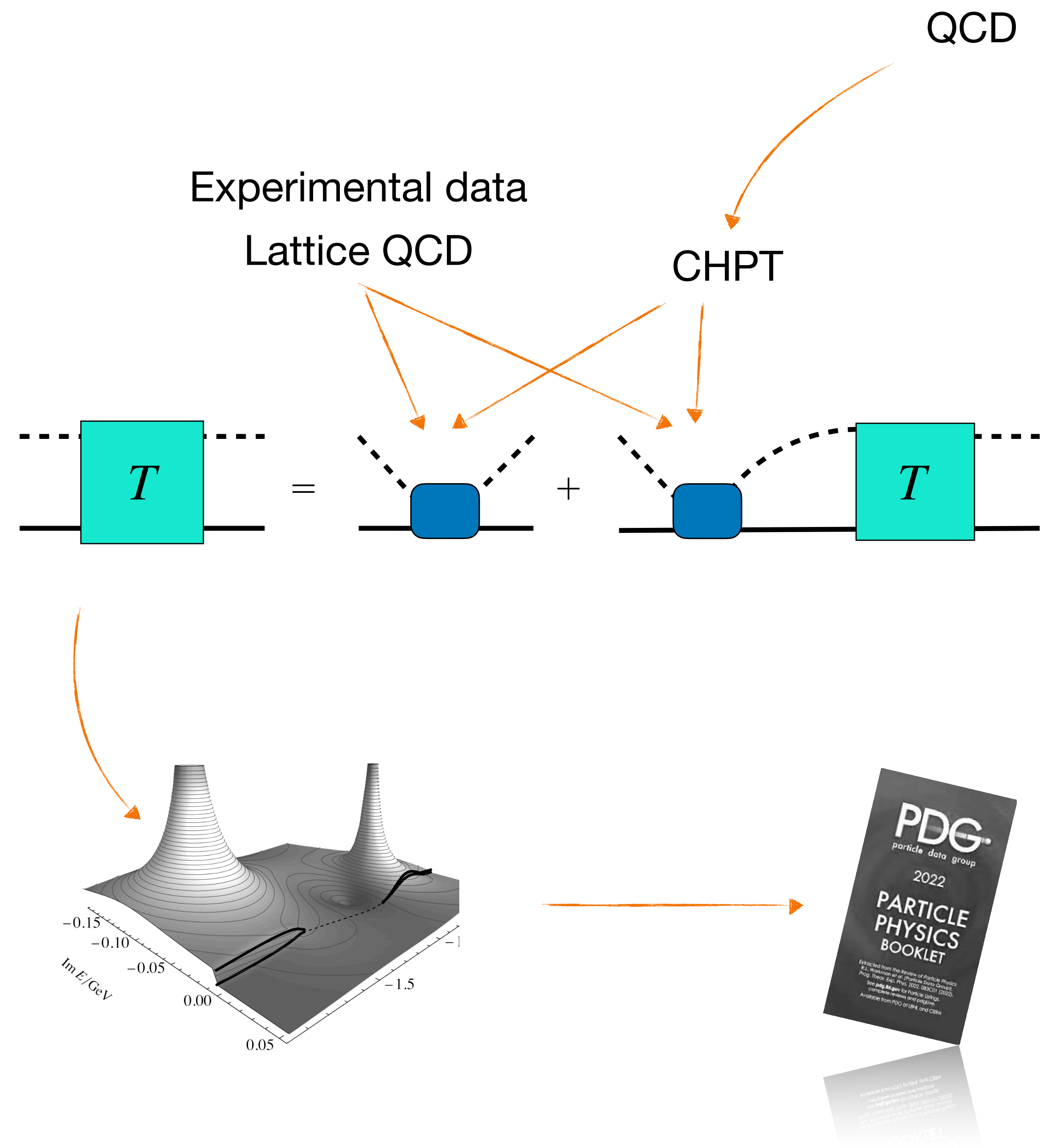
Pal/Greiner...,
Nucl. Phys. A 674, 553 (2000)

UNITARISATION

Extension to resonant channels/higher energies — Chiral Unitary Approach

- **Good**
 - Non-perturbative scheme
 - Record complex pole-positions (*II Riemann Sheet*)
 - Often works: $N(1535)$, $N(1650)$, $\Lambda(1405)$, $\Lambda(1380)$, ...

Kaiser/Siegel/Weise Phys.Lett.B 362 (1995)
Lutz/Soyeur Nucl.Phys.A 773 (2006);
MM et al. Phys.Lett.B 697 (2011); ...



UNITARISATION

Extension to resonant channels/higher energies — Chiral Unitary Approach

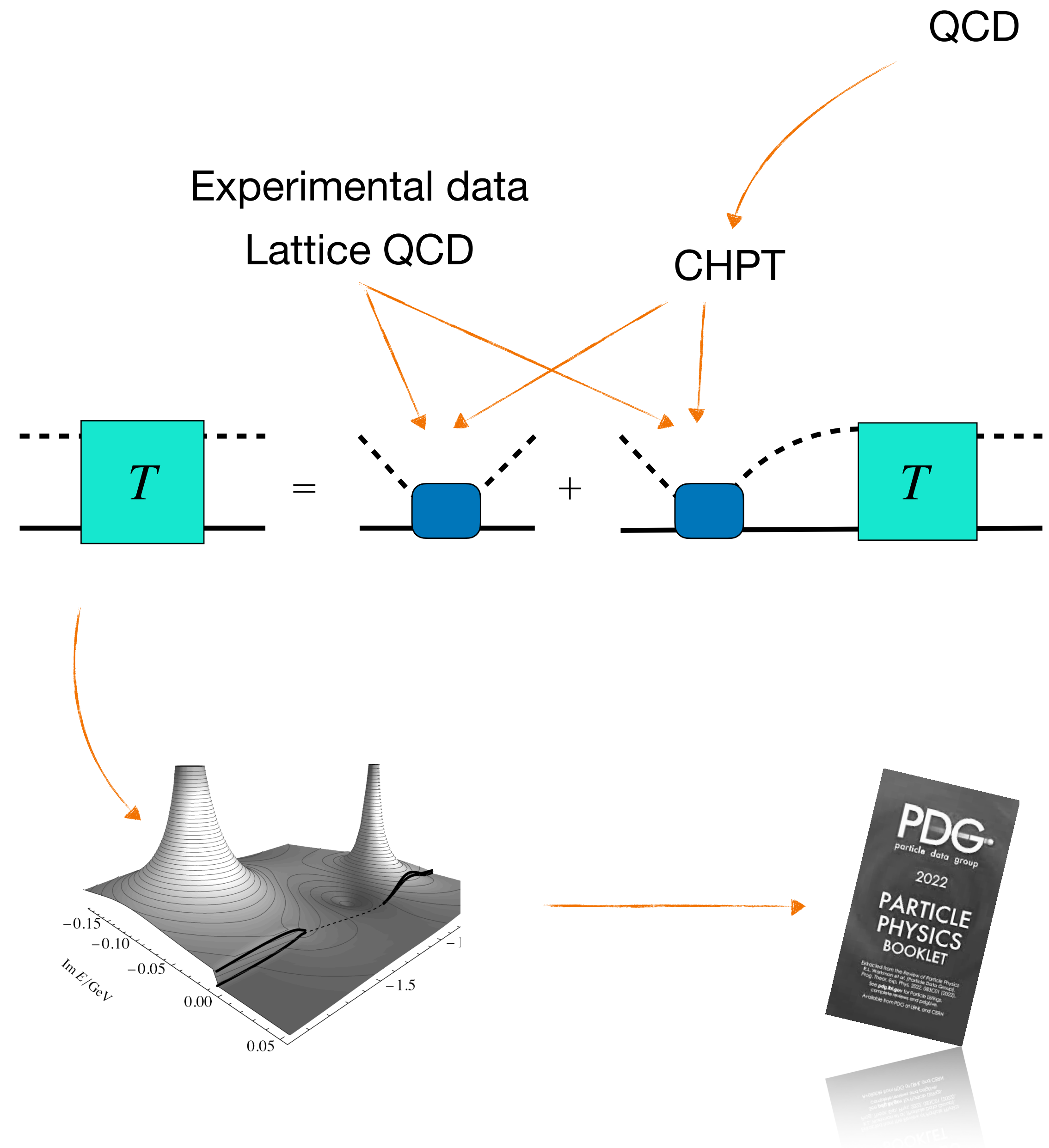
- **Good**
 - Non-perturbative scheme
 - Record complex pole-positions (*II Riemann Sheet*)
 - Often works: $N(1535)$, $N(1650)$, $\Lambda(1405)$, $\Lambda(1380)$, ...

Kaiser/Siegel/Weise Phys.Lett.B 362 (1995)
Lutz/Soyeur Nucl.Phys.A 773 (2006);
MM et al. Phys.Lett.B 697 (2011); ...

Attention (model dependence)

Review: MM, *Eur.Phys.J.ST* 230 (2021) 6, 1593-1607

- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">▸ Renormalisation▸ Crossing symmetry▸ Power counting▸ Choice of the interaction kernel | only perturbatively |
|---|---------------------|

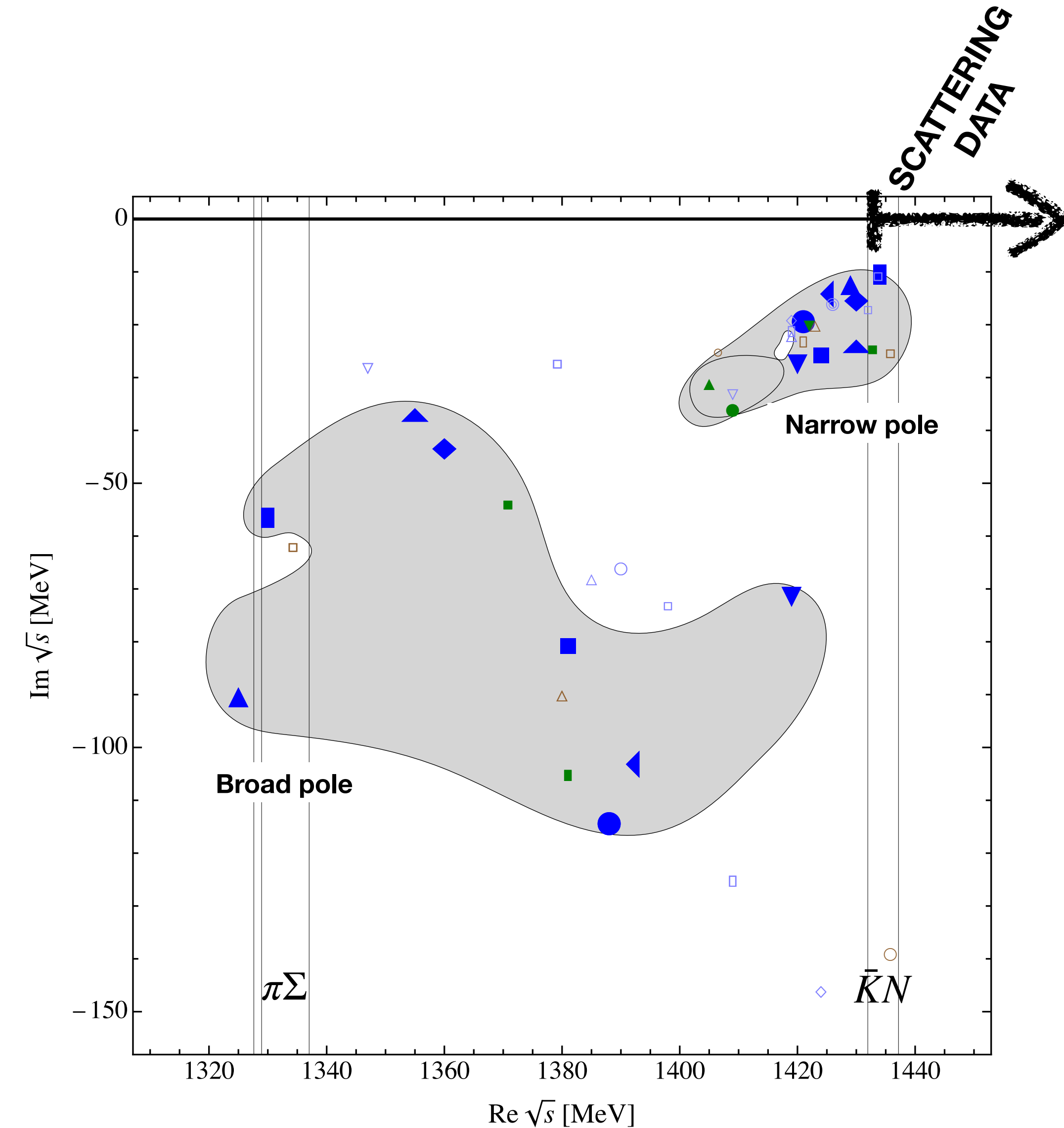


STATUS: $\Lambda(1405) \dots \Lambda(1380)$

“A curious case of a strangeness resonance” *

MM, Eur.Phys.J.ST 230 (2021) 6, 1593-1607

- Sub- $(\bar{K}N)$ -threshold $\Lambda(1405)$ resonance
- second state $\Lambda(1380)$ predicted from UCHPT
- no direct experimental verification
 - indirectly through photoproduction experiments
[CLAS] Moriya et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 112 (2014) 8
MM/Meißner Eur.Phys.J.A 51 (2015) 3, 30
 - confirmed by many critical tests & LQCD
Bulava et al. [BaSc] Phys.Rev.Lett. 132 (2024) 5, 051901



Models:
Ikeda/Weise/Feijoo/MM/Meißner/Ramos/Hyodo/...

*) After “The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night-Time” — Mark Haddon

QUARK MASS DEPENDENCE

CHPT encodes quark mass dependence

- SU(3) limit provides a simpler resonance structure

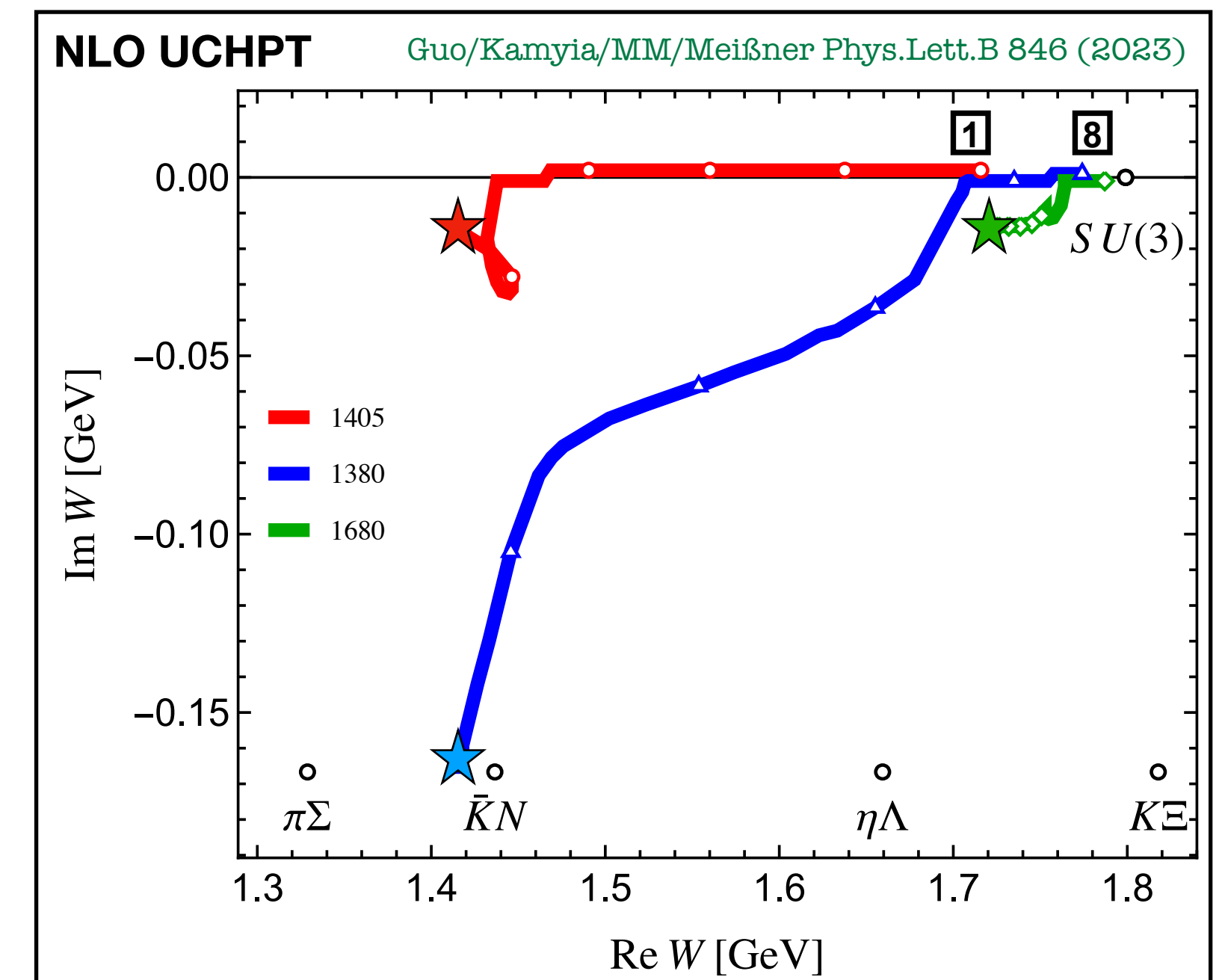
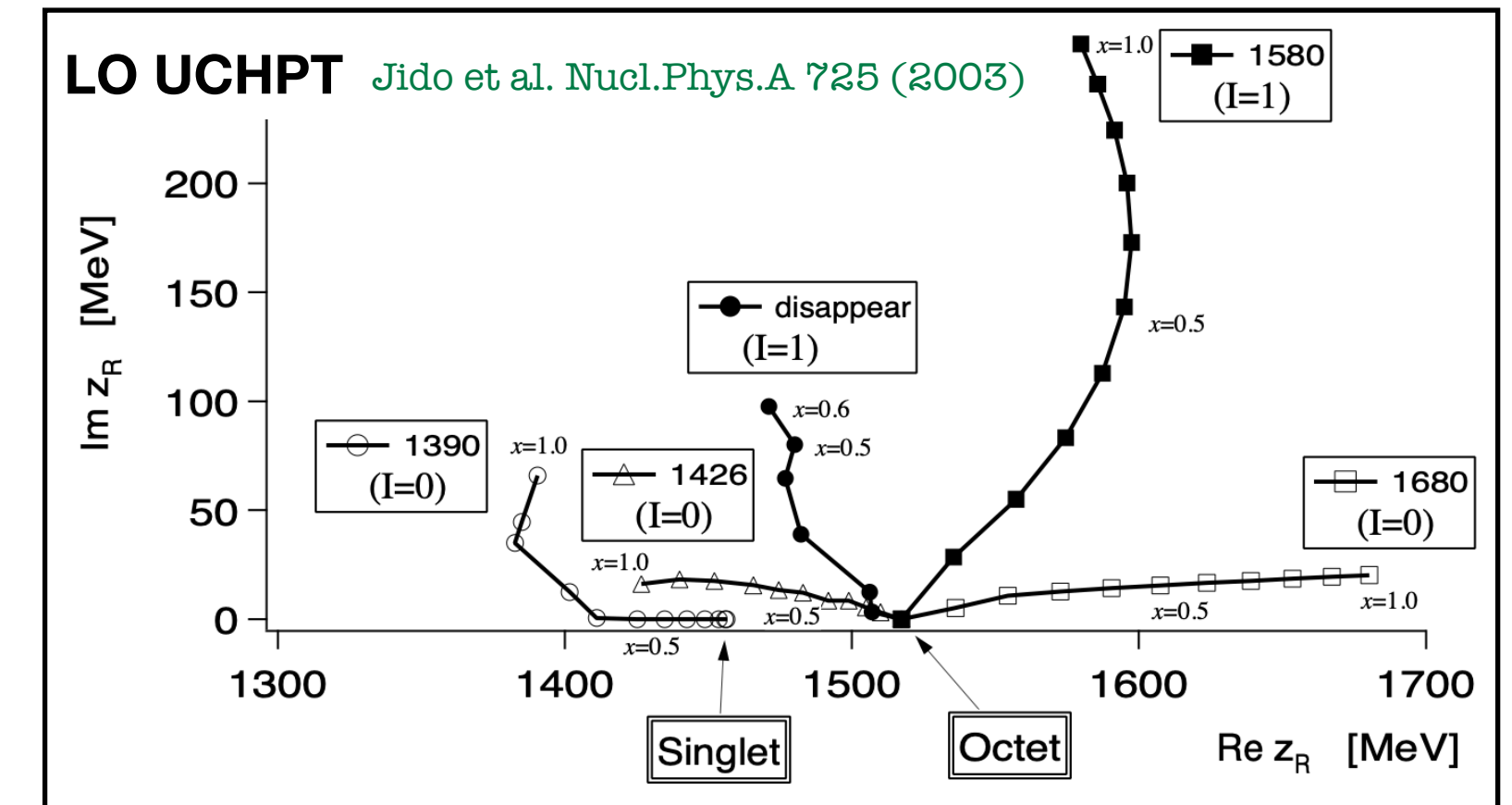
Jido et al. Nucl.Phys.A 725 (2003); Garcia-Recio/Lutz/Nieves Phys.Lett.B 582 (2004) 49-54;

- 1 singlet + 2 octet poles
- LO/NLO UCHPT *pole-“tracks”* differ

Guo/Kamyia/MM/Meißner Phys.Lett.B 846 (2023)

- Resonance $\leftrightarrow$ virtual bound state $\leftrightarrow$ bound state

(?) Lattice QCD



OUTLINE

1. Motivation

Observation, Theory, ...

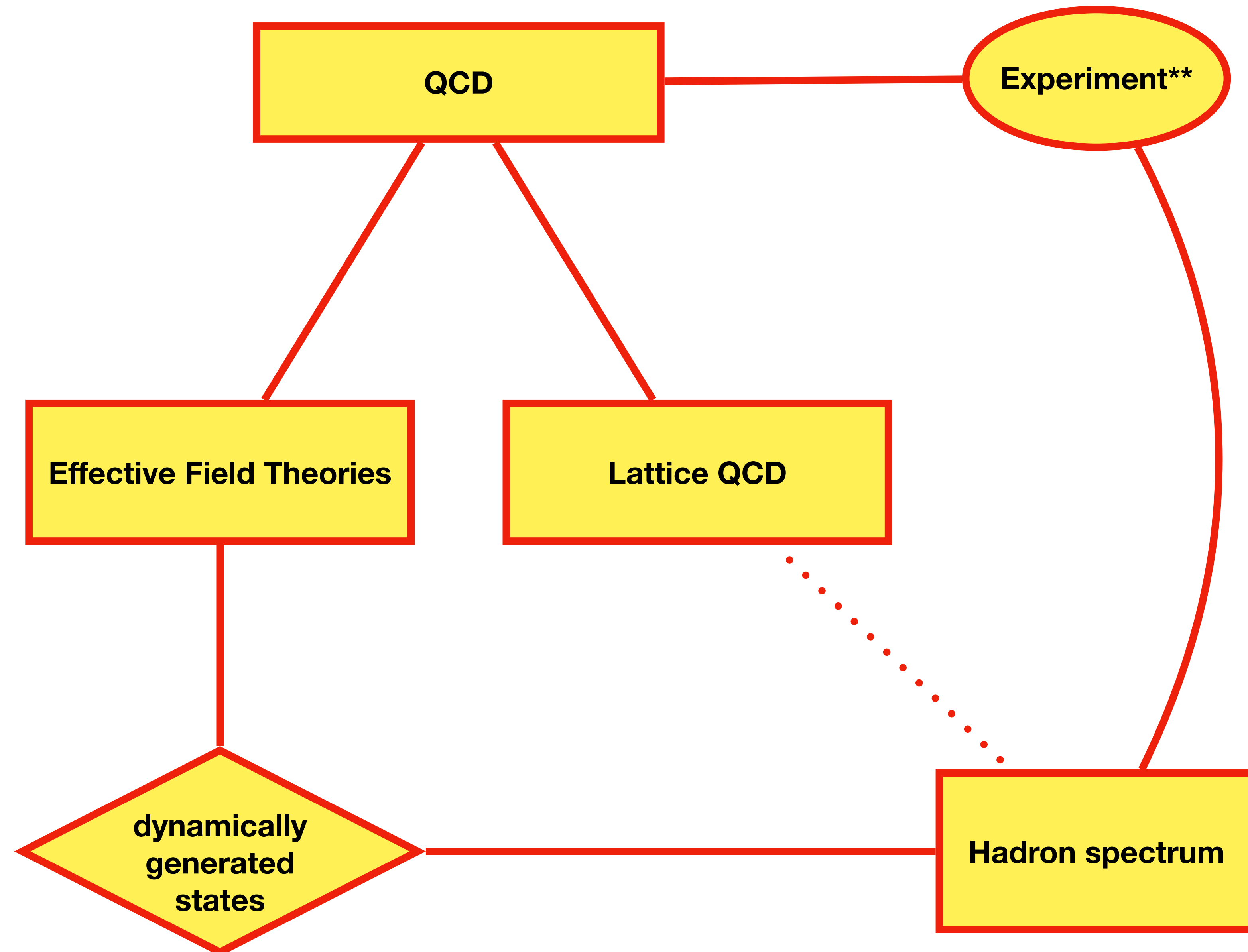
2. Dynamically Generated Resonances

Methodology, Examples, $\Lambda(1405)$, ...

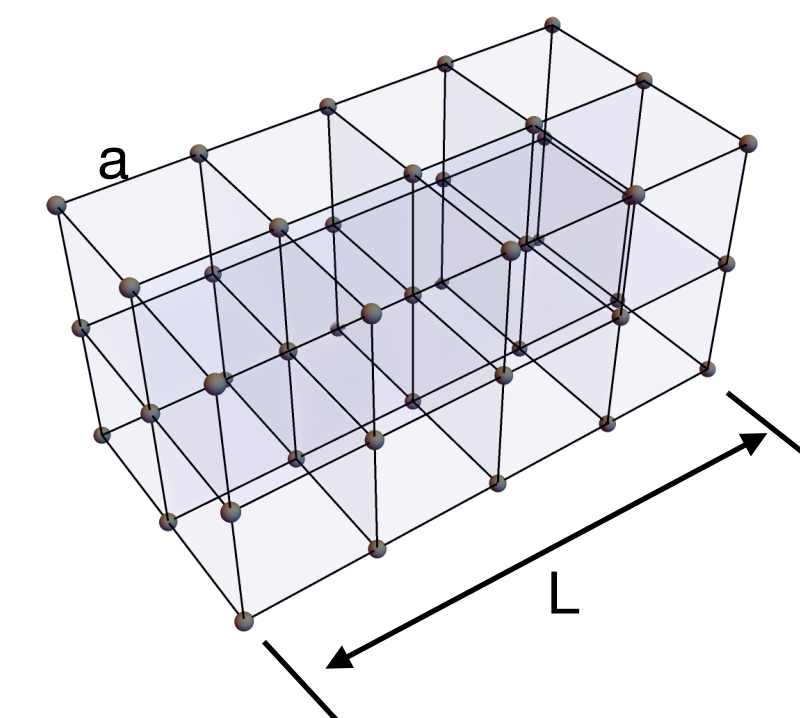
3. Applications with/to LQCD

Chiral extrapolations,
Quantization Conditions...

4. Summary/Outlook



LATTICE QCD (SPECTROSCOPY)



Discretization of space-time

Euclidean space-time

Boundary conditions

Gauge and fermion degrees of freedom

links

plaquettes

Nielsen–Ninomiya theorem

Fermion doublers

Lattice QCD action

Construction of the action

Wick's theorem

measure of integration in the path integral.

Generating functional

Hybrid Monte-Carlo simulation

Operator construction

The transcription of the operators used to probe the physics

Correlation functions

Generalized eigenvalue problem

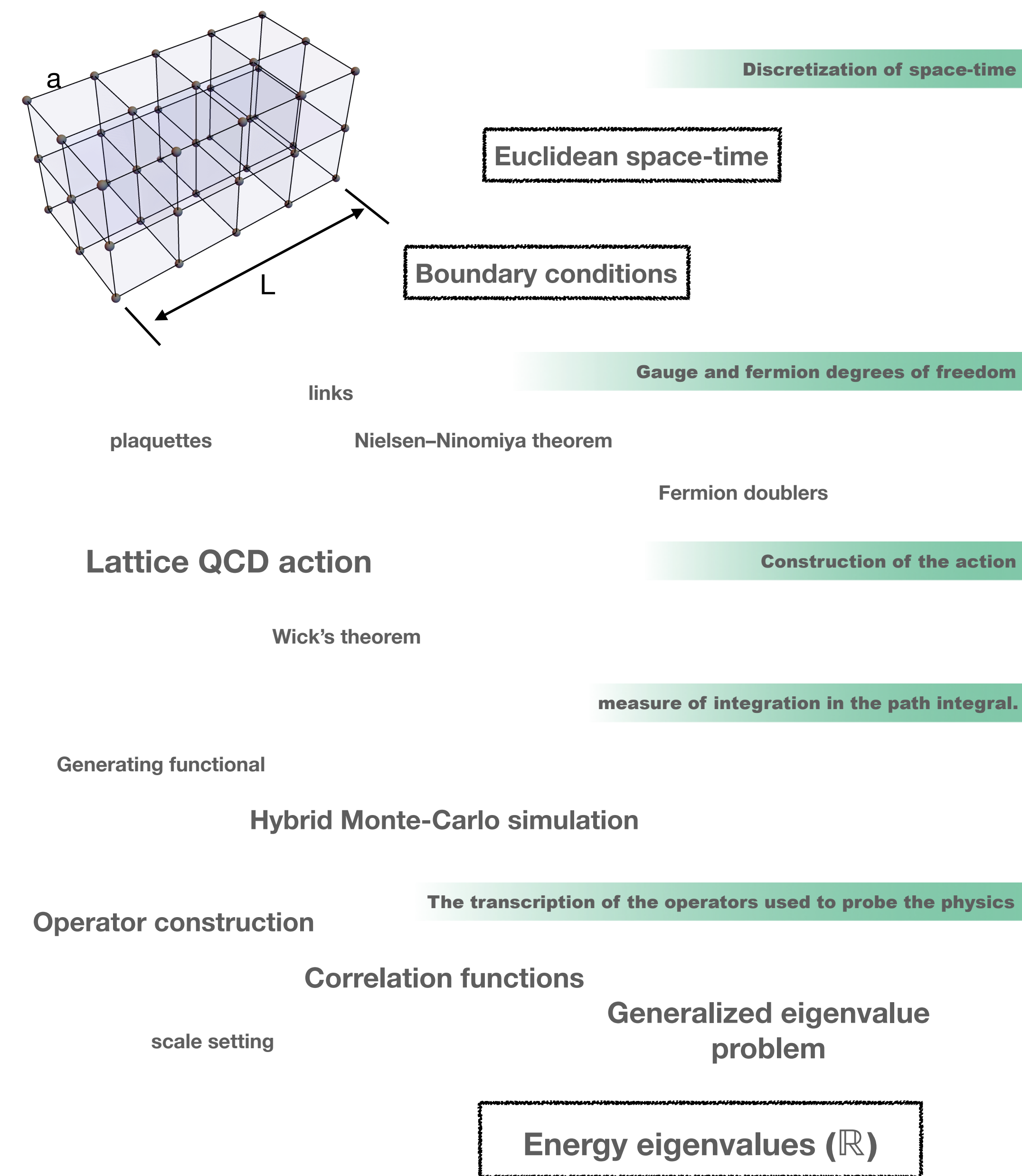
scale setting

Energy eigenvalues ($\mathbb{R}$)

LATTICE QCD (SPECTROSCOPY)

Roadblocks

- discretized (Euclidean) space-time — continuum extrapolation
- unphysical quark mass — extrapolations tools from CHPT
- finite volume — quantization conditions needed



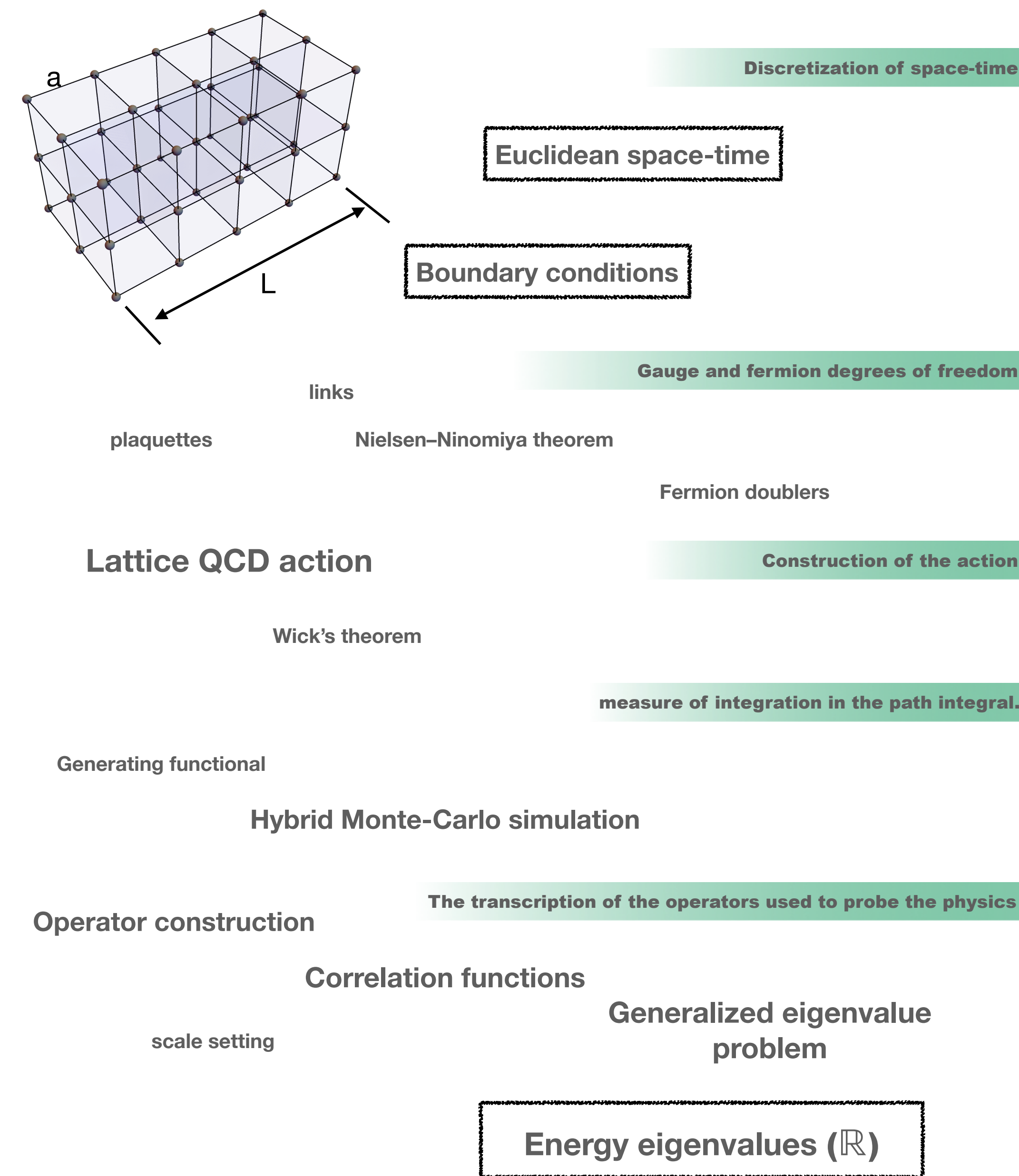
LATTICE QCD (SPECTROSCOPY)

Roadblocks

- discretized (Euclidean) space-time — continuum extrapolation
- unphysical quark mass — extrapolations tools from CHPT
- finite volume — quantization conditions needed

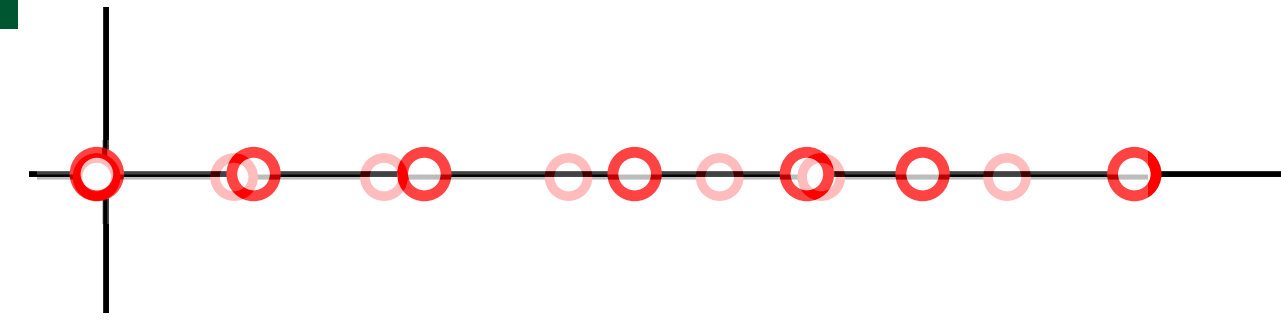
Advantages

- QCD degrees of freedom (first principles)
- Experimentally inaccessible scenarios:
 - Unconventional quantum numbers (later...)
 - Three-body scattering/... (later...)
 - Chiral trajectory (later ...)



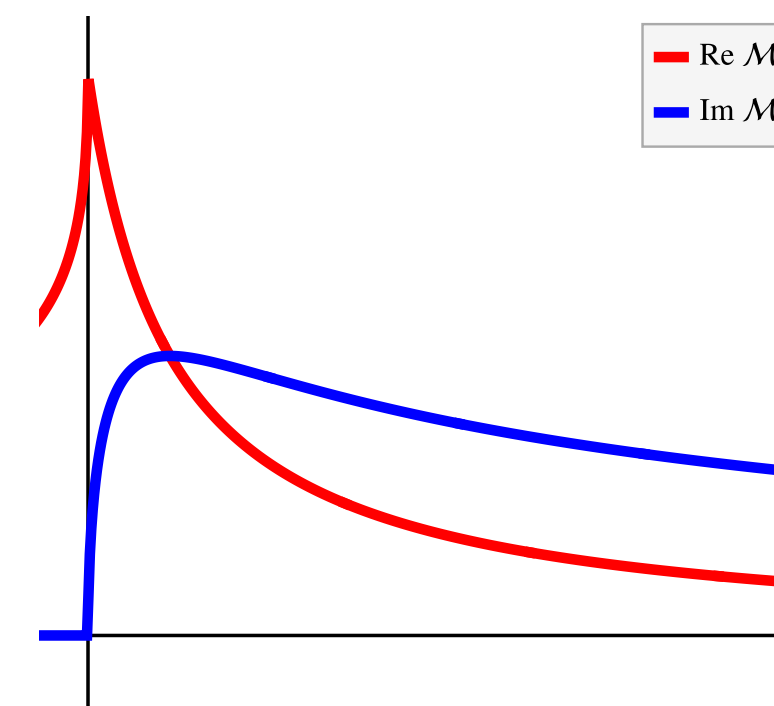
QUANTIZATION CONDITIONS

- Finite volume calculations: no direct access to scattering quantities
- Real-valued energy eigenvalues
 - Shifted from free energies — physical information
 - Relation to observables = **Quantization condition**



Lattice QCD

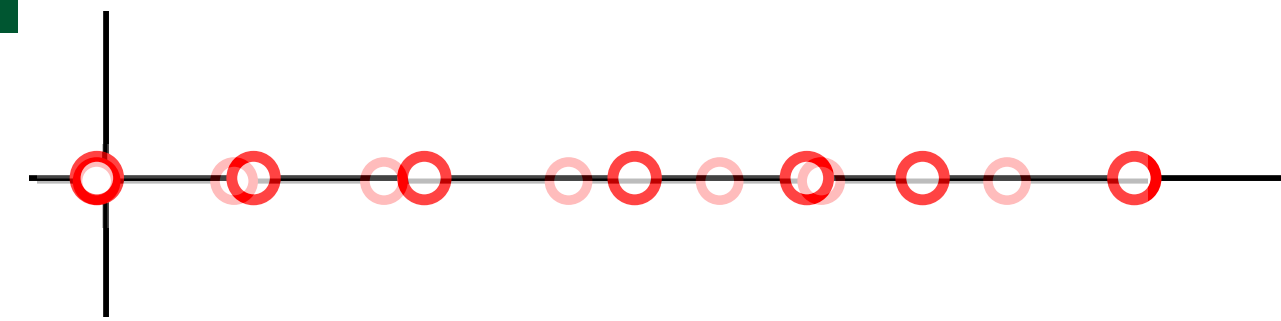
continuum QFT



Review: MM/Doring/Rusetsky Eur.Phys.J.ST 230 (2021);

QUANTIZATION CONDITIONS

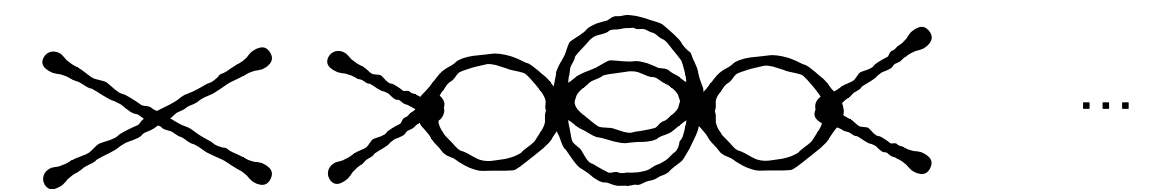
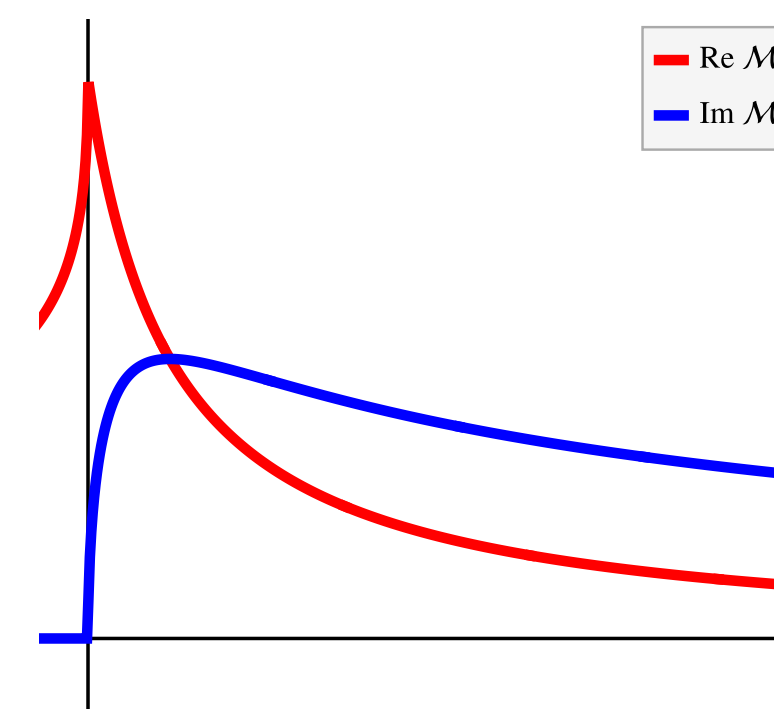
- Finite volume calculations: no direct access to scattering quantities
- Real-valued energy eigenvalues
 - Shifted from free energies — physical information
 - Relation to observables = **Quantization condition**



Lattice QCD

continuum QFT

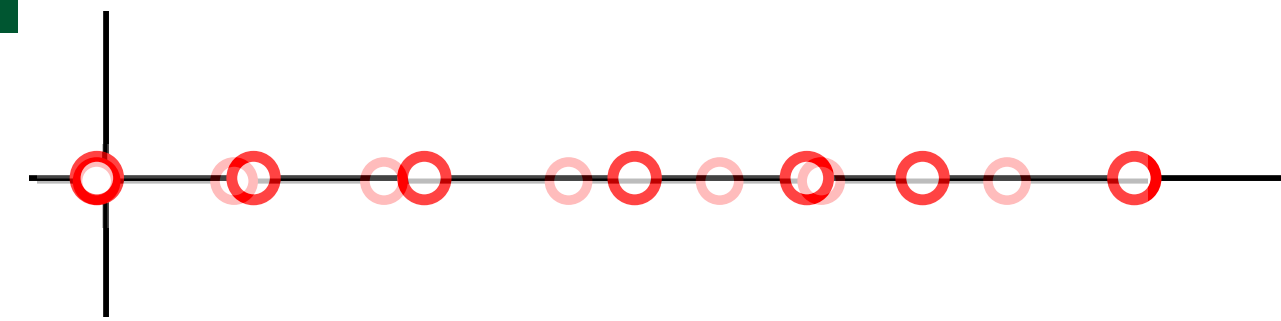
- **one-way of thinking:**
 - on-shell states “feel” the box-size $\sim (ML)^n$
 - off-shell configurations decay exponentially $\sim e^{-ML}$



Review: MM/Doring/Rusetsky Eur.Phys.J.ST 230 (2021);

QUANTIZATION CONDITIONS

- Finite volume calculations: no direct access to scattering quantities
- Real-valued energy eigenvalues
 - Shifted from free energies — physical information
 - Relation to observables = **Quantization condition**



Lattice QCD

continuum QFT

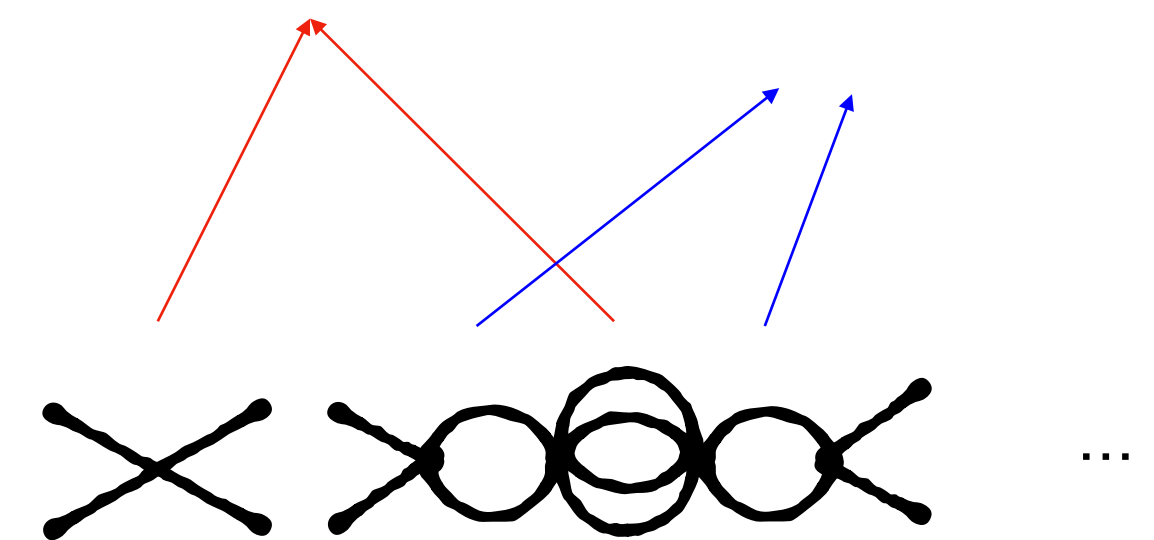
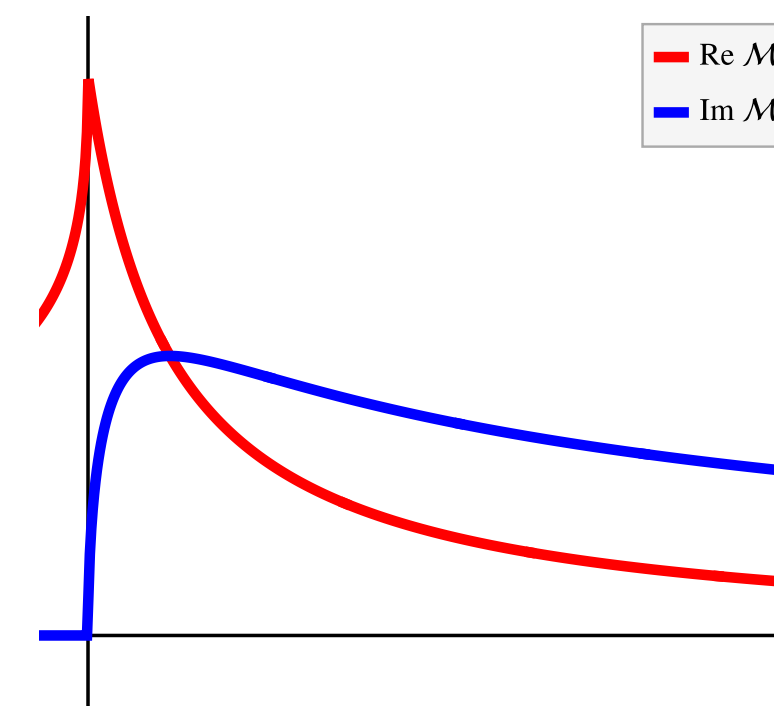
- **one-way of thinking:**

- on-shell states “feel” the box-size $\sim (ML)^n$
- off-shell configurations decay exponentially $\sim e^{-ML}$

➡ Unitarity

$$M_{\infty}^{-1} = p \cot \delta - \left(\int \dots - Re \int \dots \right)$$

$$M_{\infty}^{-1} = \tilde{K}^{-1} - \int \frac{d^3l}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2E_l(s - 4E_l^2 + i\epsilon)}$$



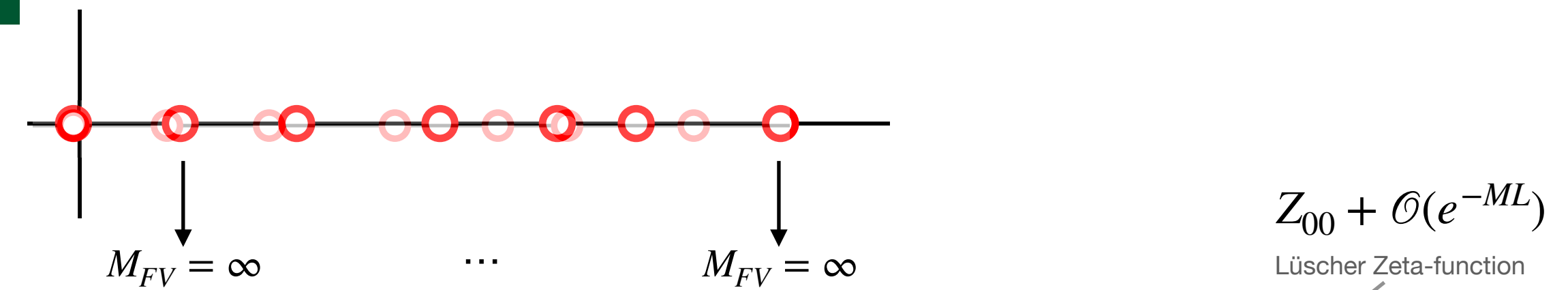
Review: MM/Doring/Rusetsky Eur.Phys.J.ST 230 (2021);

QUANTIZATION CONDITIONS

- Finite volume calculations: no direct access to scattering quantities
- Real-valued energy eigenvalues
 - Shifted from free energies — physical information
 - Relation to observables = **Quantization condition**

- **one-way of thinking:**

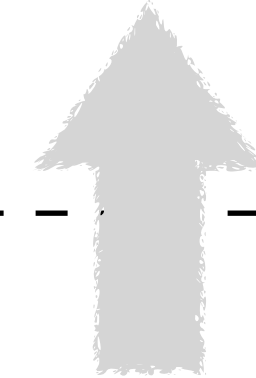
- on-shell states “feel” the box-size $\sim (ML)^n$
- off-shell configurations decay exponentially $\sim e^{-ML}$



$$M_{FV}^{-1} = p \cot \delta - \left(\frac{1}{L^3} \sum_{\vec{p}} \dots - \text{Re} \int_{\vec{l}} \dots \right)$$

Lattice QCD

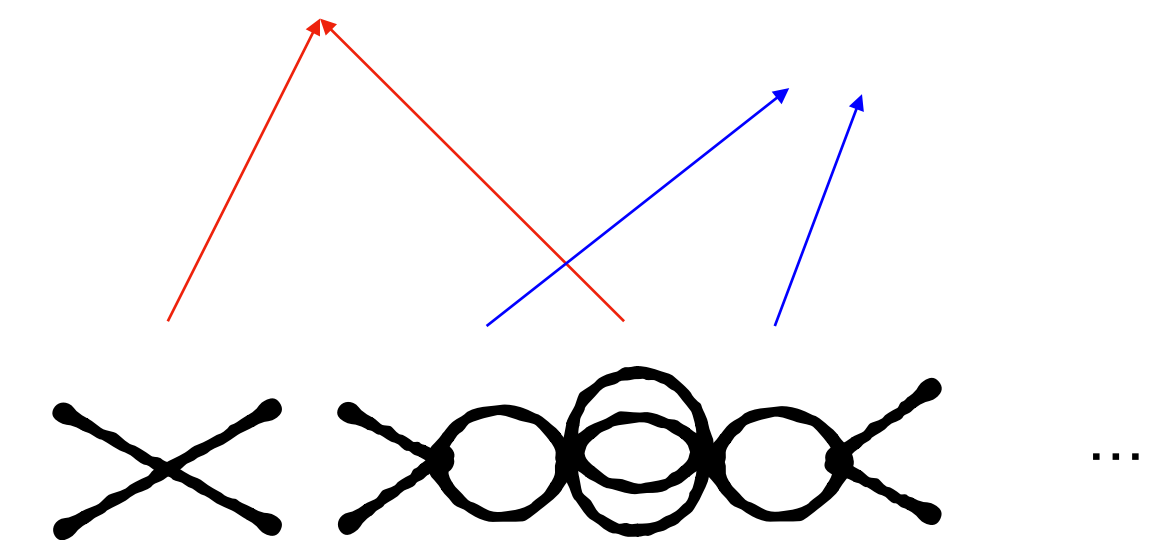
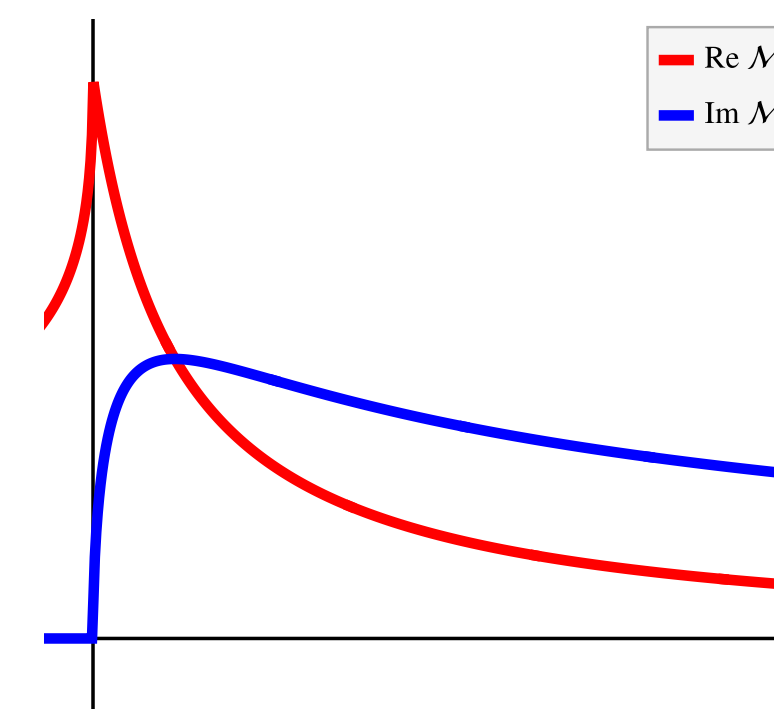
continuum QFT



$$M_{\infty}^{-1} = p \cot \delta - \left(\int \dots - \text{Re} \int \dots \right)$$

➡ Unitarity

$$M_{\infty}^{-1} = \tilde{K}^{-1} - \int \frac{d^3 l}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2E_l(s - 4E_l^2 + i\epsilon)}$$



Review: MM/Doring/Rusetsky Eur.Phys.J.ST 230 (2021);

3-BODY

Generalization to 3-body states — Finite Volume Unitarity (FVU) approach

- 3-body unitarity accounts for all on-shell states
- genuine determinant condition

- Alternatives: RFT, NREFT

RFT(Hansen/Sharpe 2014) NREFT(Rusetsky/Hammer/Pang 2017)

- equivalence shown in different regimes

Jackura et al. Phys.Rev.D 100 (2019) 3, 034508, Garofalo et al. JHEP 02 (2023) 252

Many new applications

- proof of concepts and spin-less repulsive systems

MM/Doring Phys.Rev.Lett. 122 (2019) 6, Fischer et al. Eur.Phys.J.C 81 (2021) 5, Blanton, Lopez, Hansen, Briceno, ...

- systems with left-hand cut

Hansen et al. JHEP 06 (2024) 051, Dawid et al. JHEP 01 (2025) 060, Rusetsky, ...

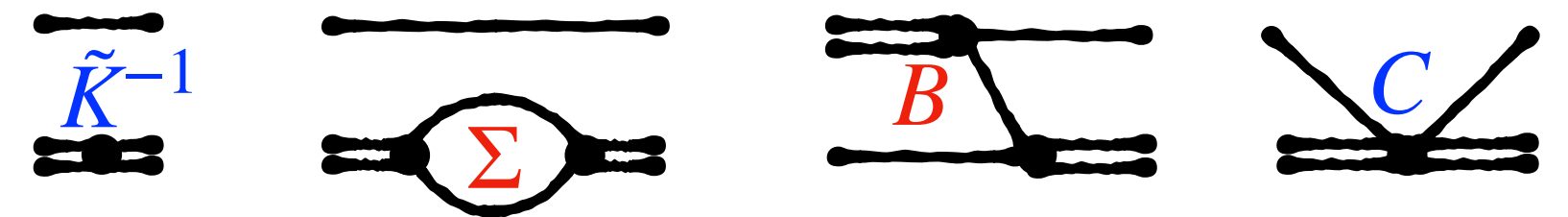
- 3-body resonant systems (later ...)

MM/Culver Phys.Rev.Lett. 127 (2021) 22

Yan et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 133 (2024) 21

$$\text{FVU}$$
$$\det \left[2L^3 E_p \left(\tilde{K}^{-1} - \Sigma^L \right) - B - C \right]^\Lambda \equiv 0$$

MM/Döring
Eur.Phys.J.A 53 (2017) 12, 240

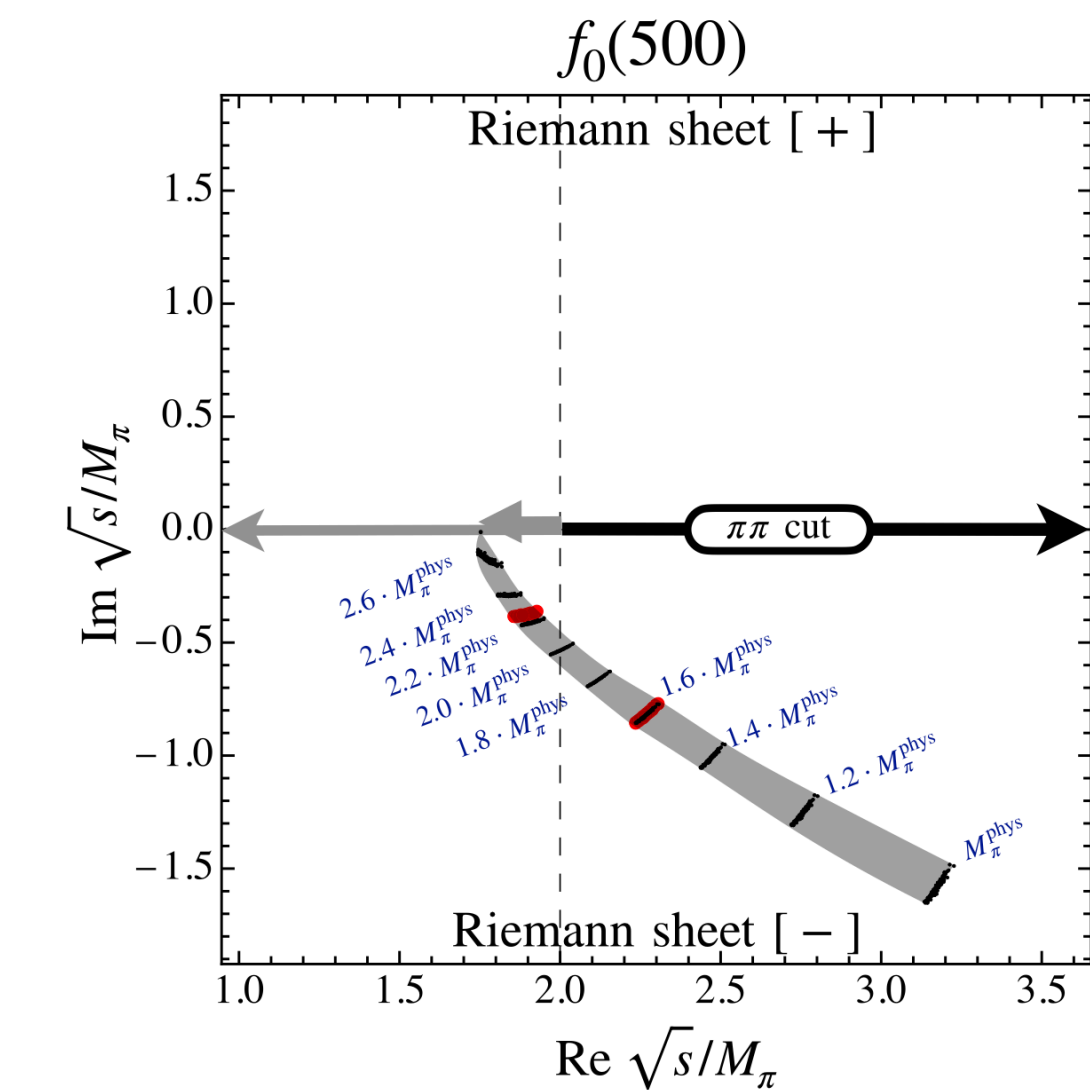


APPLICATION I

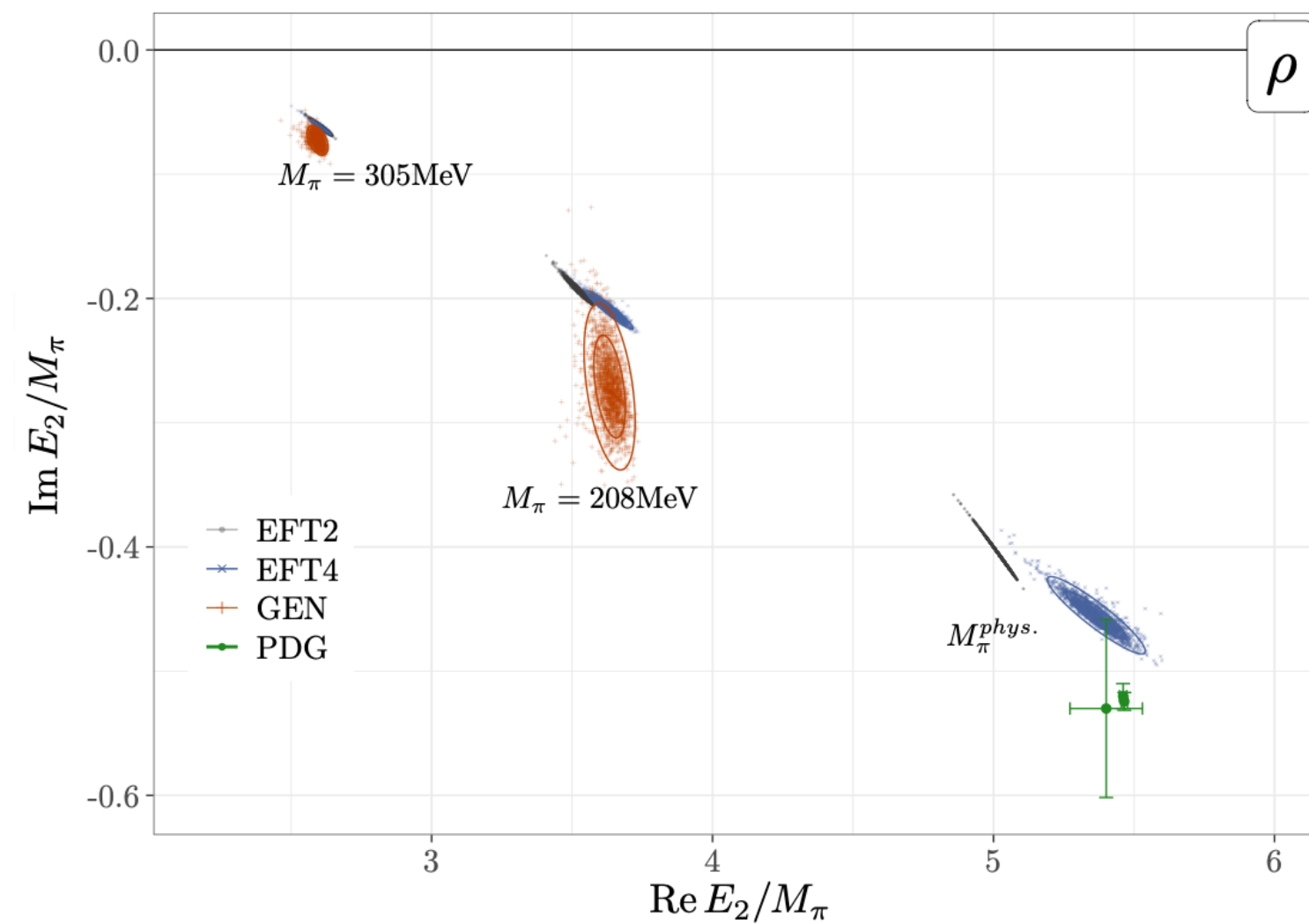
Two pion system

- simplest 2-hadron system
- many LQCD results
NPLQCD; HadSpec; ETMC; GW-lattice; CP-PACS;....
- simultaneous description of all $\pi\pi$ interaction channels through CHPT — UCHPT

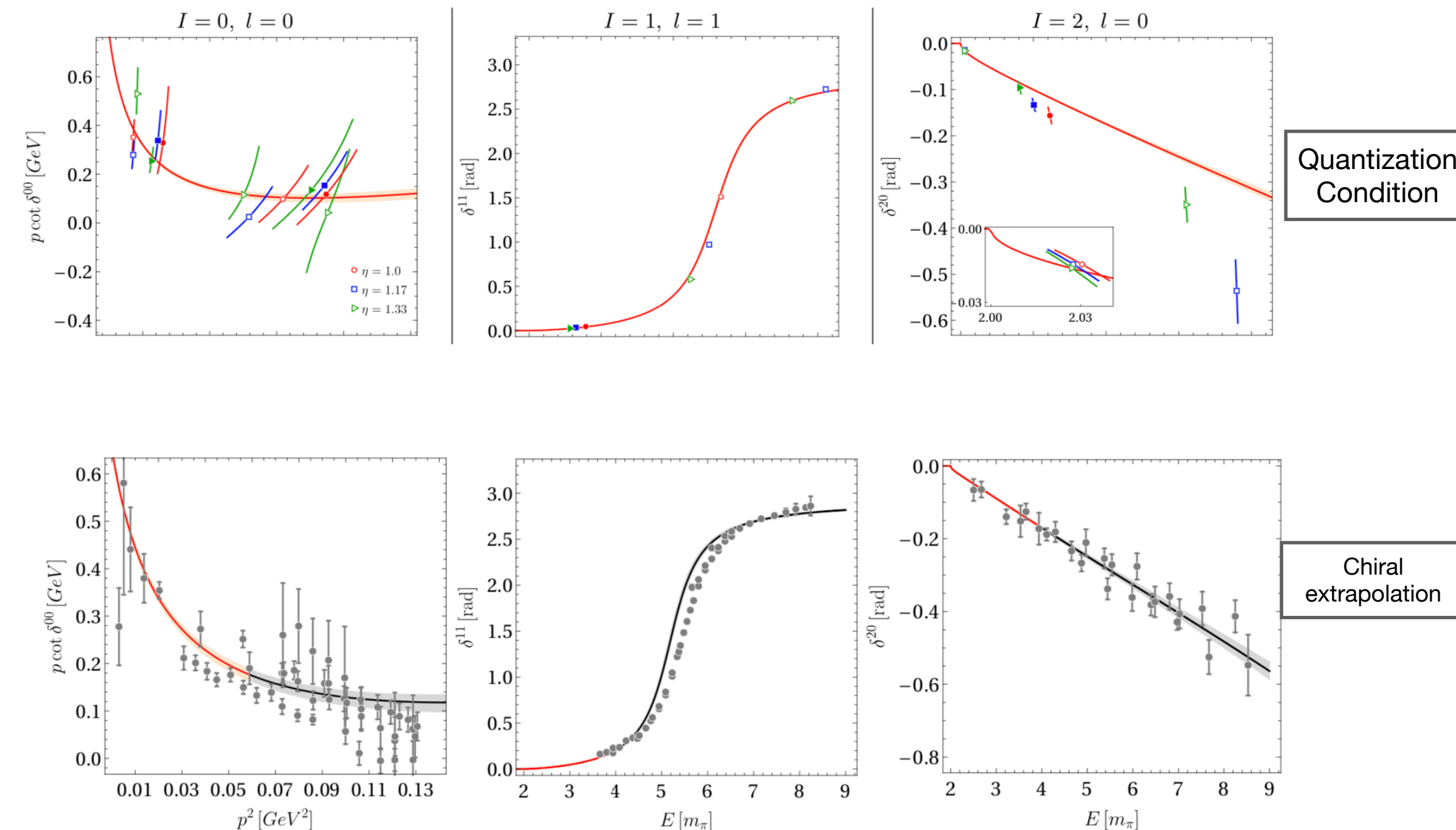
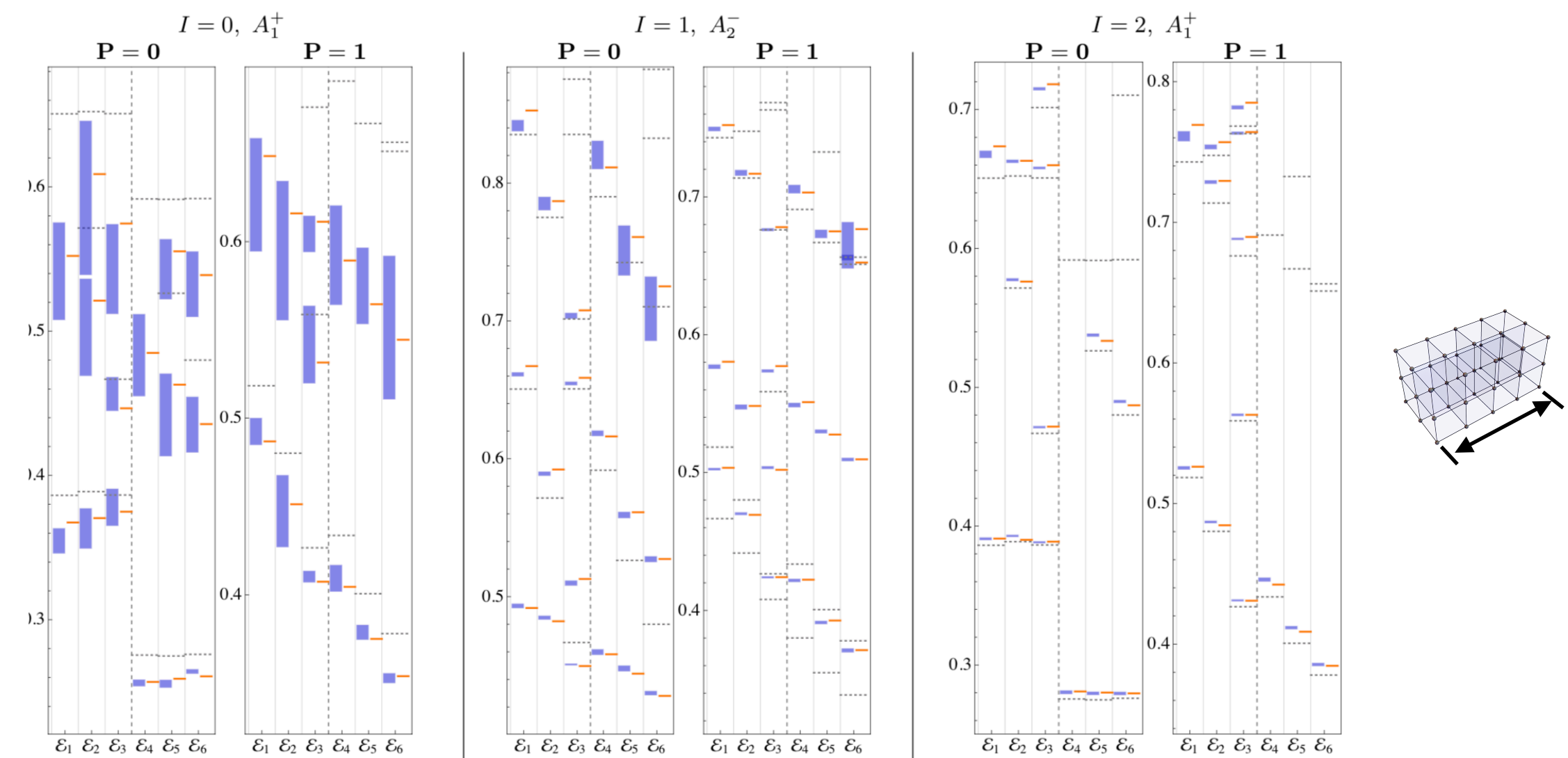
GWQCD: Guo et al. (2016) Guo et al. (2018) Culver et al. (2019) MM et al. (2019)



MM/Urbach/Meißner Phys.Rept. 1001 (2023) 1-66



Yan/MM/... Phys.Rev.Lett. 133 (2024) 21



[GWQCD] MM/Culver/... Phys.Rev.D100(11)(2019) 114514

APPLICATION II

Meson-baryon systems ($\bar{K}N/\pi\Sigma/\pi\Lambda/K\Xi$)

- Available Lattice spectrum

[BaSc] Bulava et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 132 (2024) 5; 2307.13471

$$M_\pi \approx 200 \text{ MeV} \quad M_K \approx 487 \text{ MeV}$$

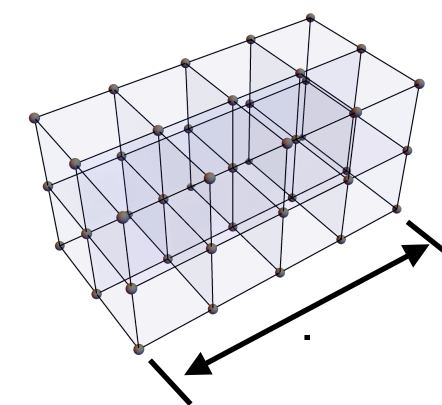
$$M_\pi L = 4.181(16) \quad a = 0.0633(4)(6) \text{ fm}$$

- Compare to UCHPT

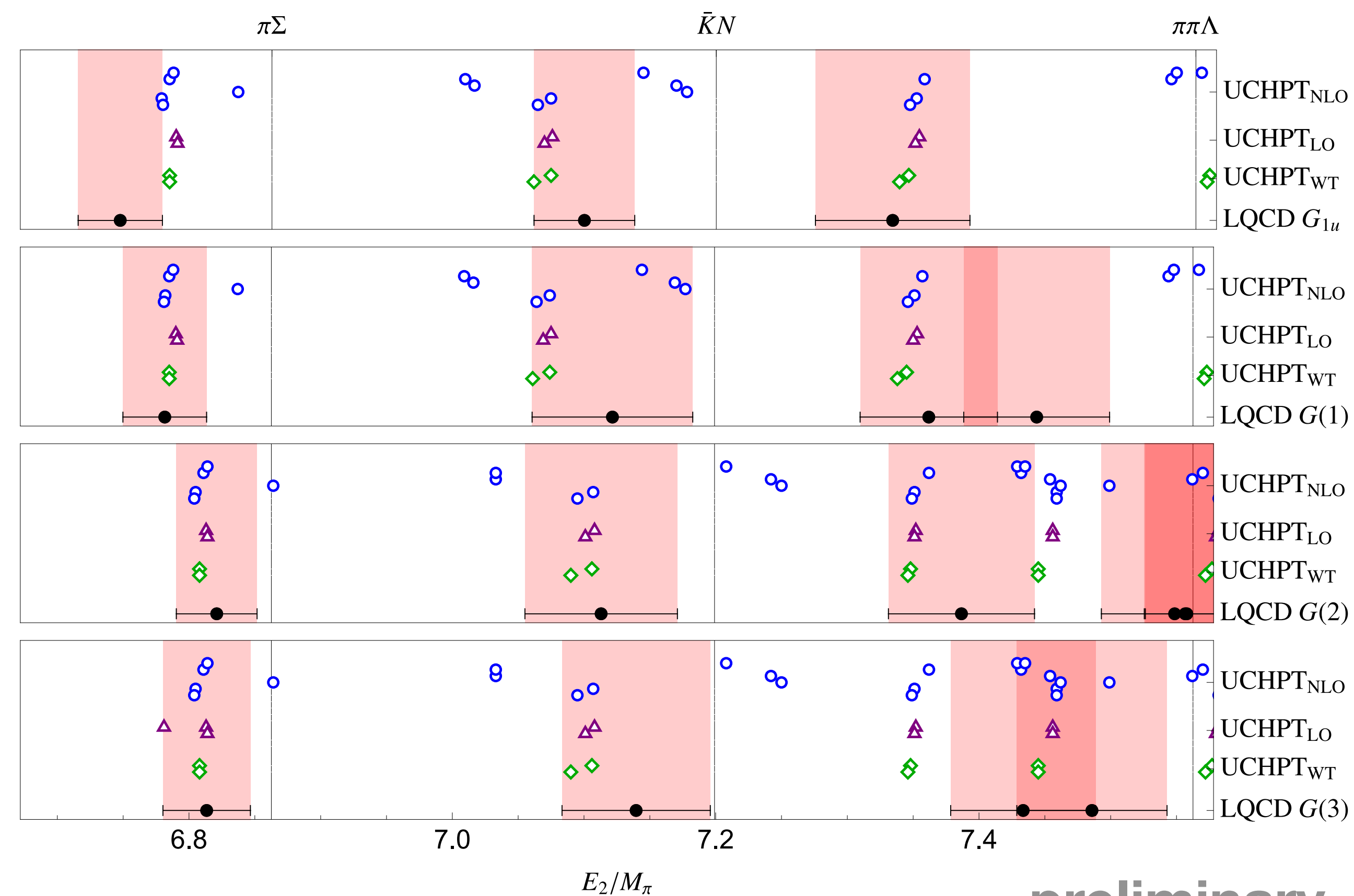
- Unified analysis LQCD+UCHPT+EXPERIMENT

... mostly ok, but not always

... ongoing work



$$T = \text{diagram 1} + \text{diagram 2}$$



preliminary

APPLICATION II

CHPT encodes quark mass dependence

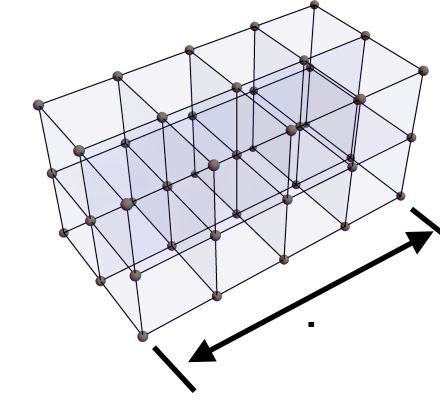
- Available Lattice spectrum

[BaSc] Bulava et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 132 (2024) 5; 2307.13471

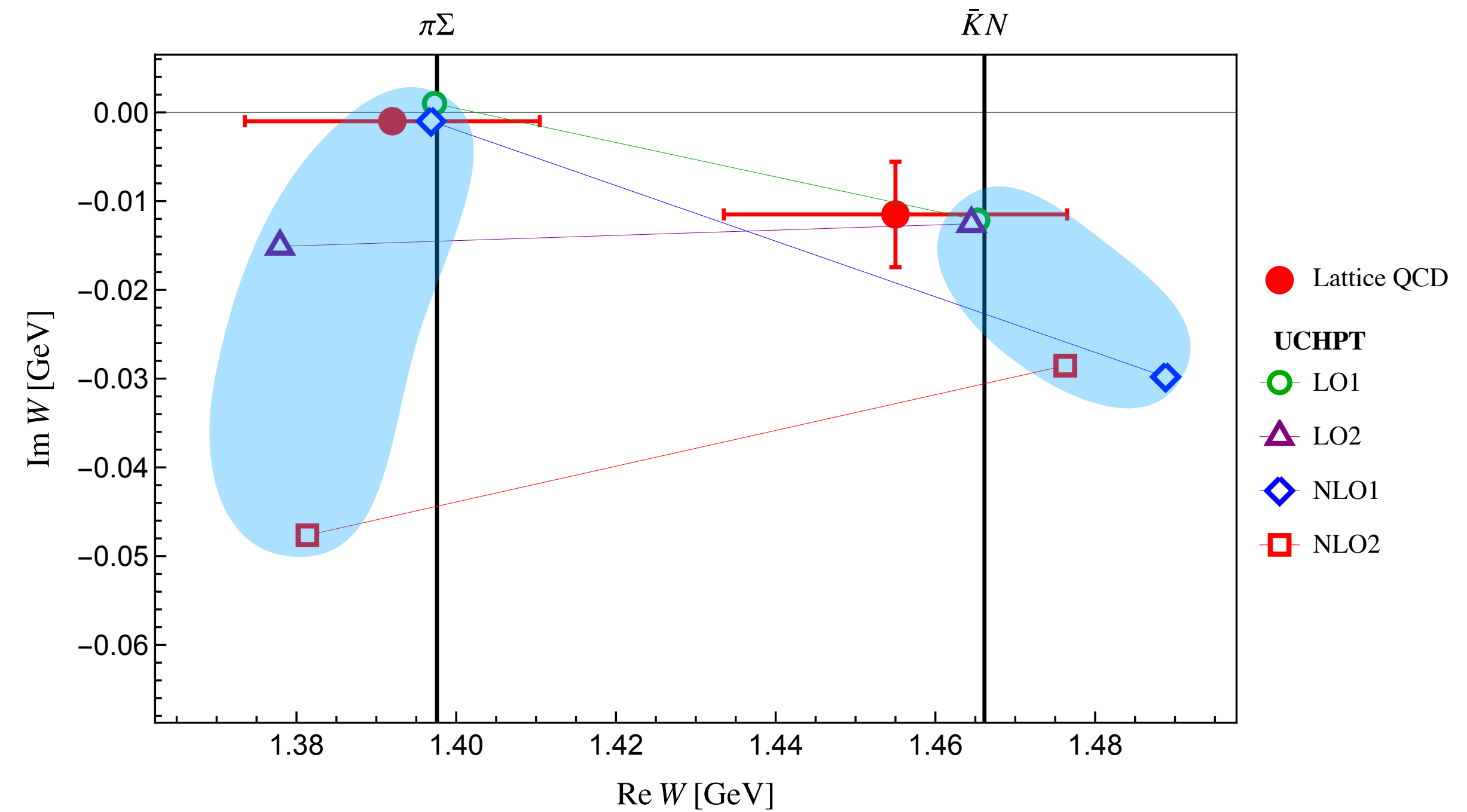
$$M_\pi \approx 200 \text{ MeV} \quad M_K \approx 487 \text{ MeV}$$

$$M_\pi L = 4.181(16) \quad a = 0.0633(4)(6) \text{ fm}$$

- pole positions from available UCHPT approaches



$$T = \text{[diagram]} + \text{[diagram]}$$

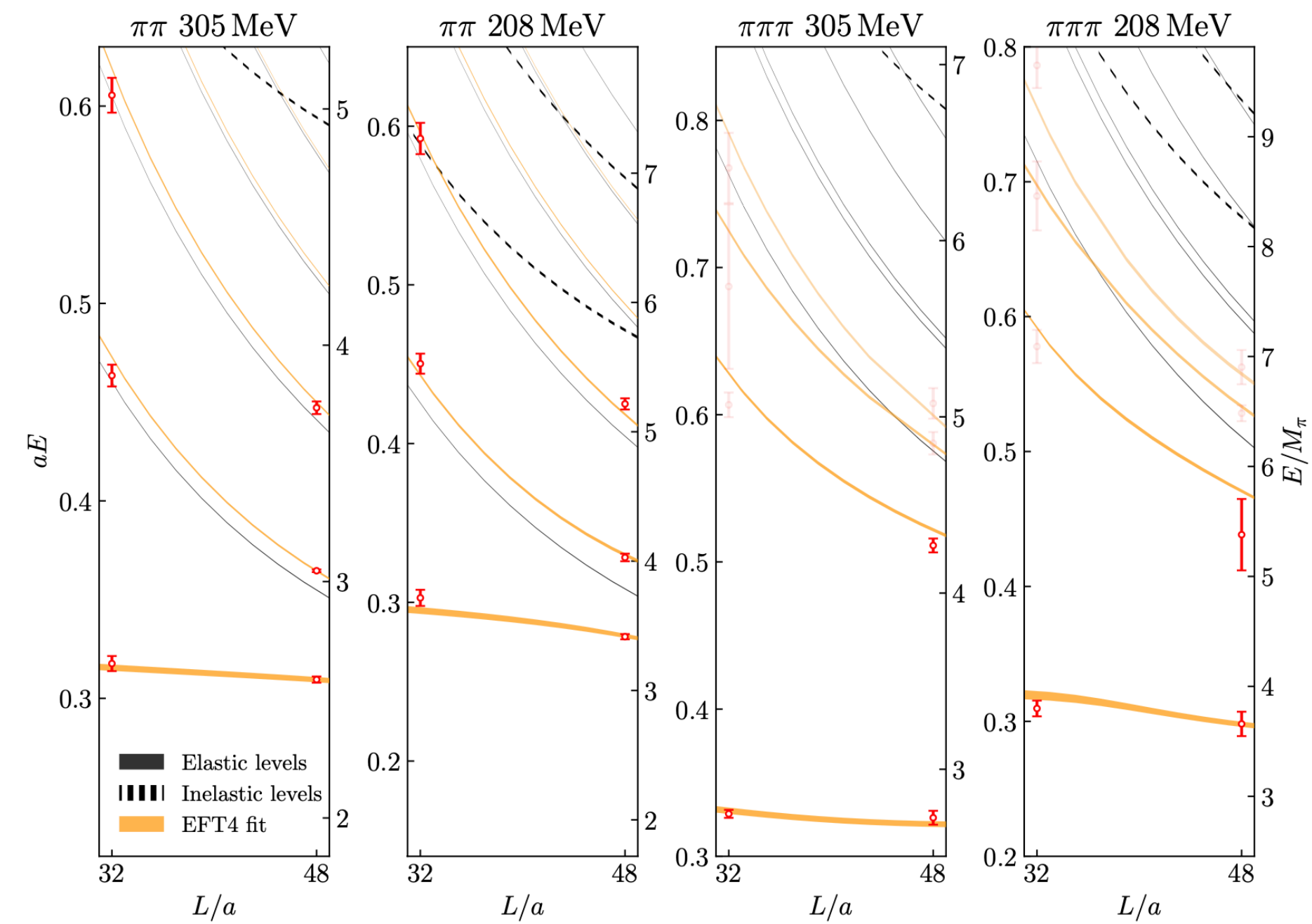


Guo/Kamya/MM/Meißner Phys.Lett.B 846 (2023)

APPLICATION III $\omega \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$

Lattice QCD

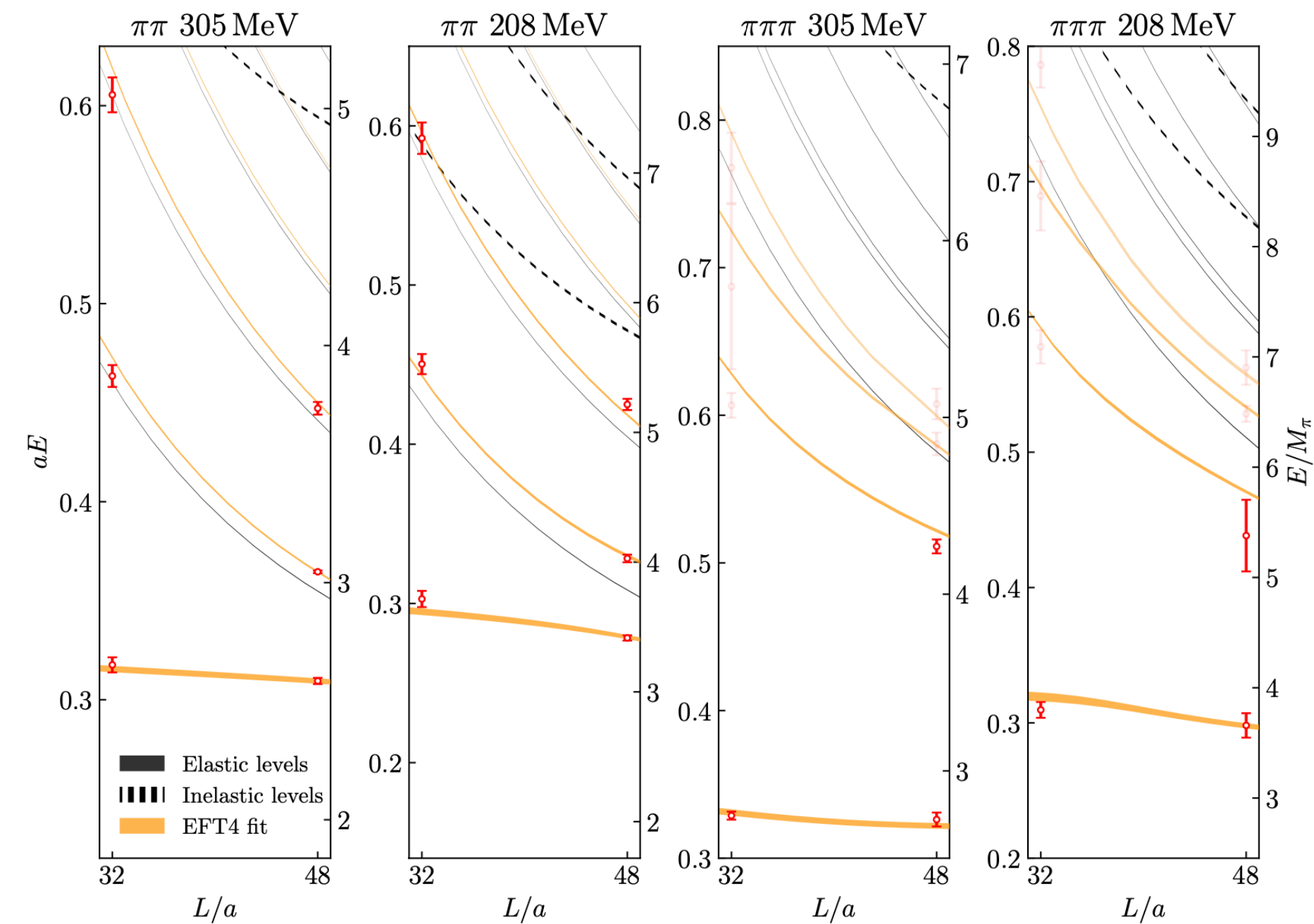
- $N_f = 2 + 1$ Clover fermions
- 2/3 particle operators
- 2 pion masses ($\approx 210, 305$ MeV) 2 volumes ($L^3 = 32^3, 48^3$)



APPLICATION III $\omega \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$

Lattice QCD

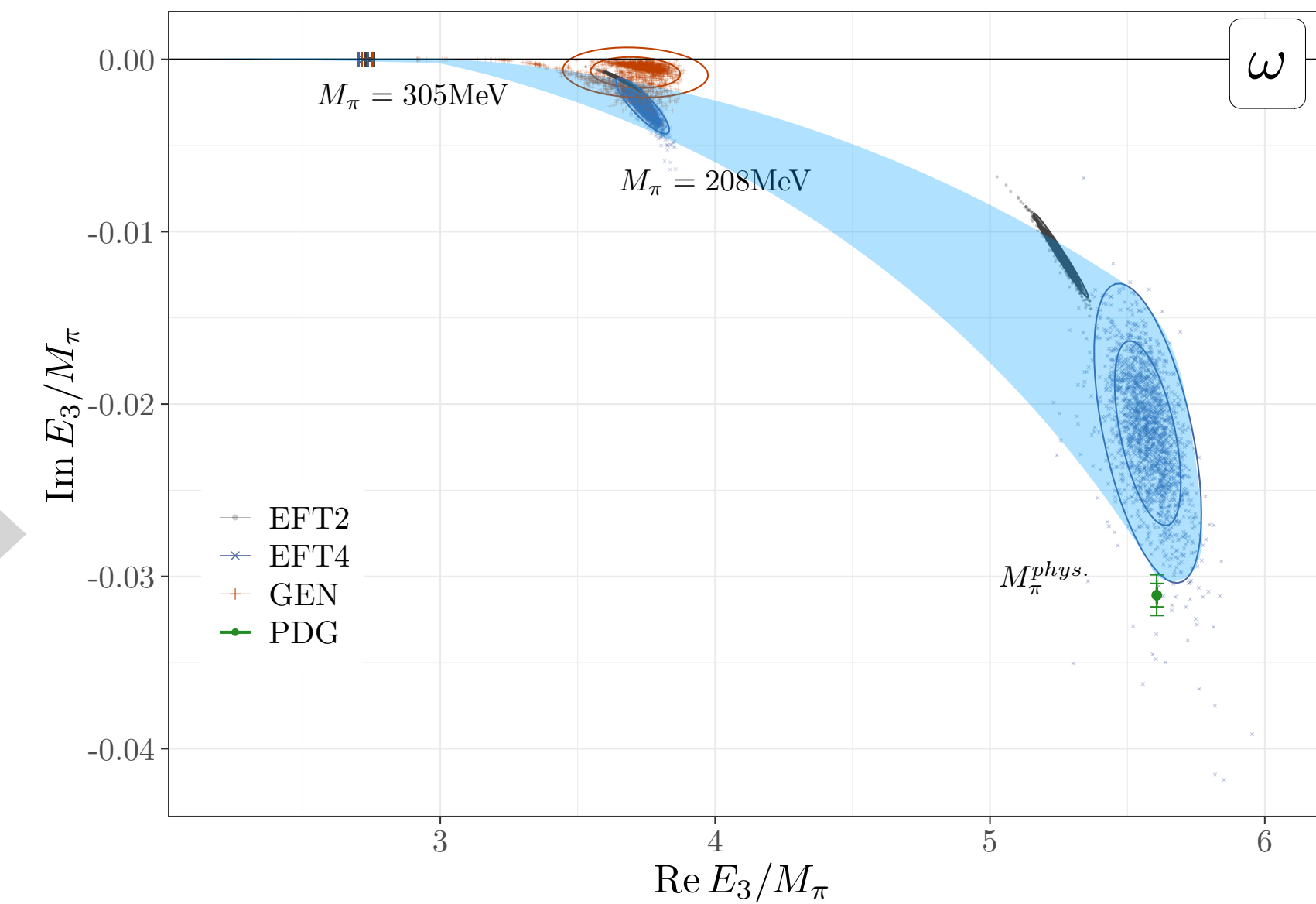
- Nf = 2 + 1 Clover fermions
- 2/3 particle operators
- 2 pion masses ($\approx 210, 305$ MeV) 2 volumes ($L^3 = 32^3, 48^3$)



$$\text{FVU} \quad \det \left[2L^3 E_{\mathbf{p}} \left(\tilde{K}^{-1} - \Sigma^L \right) - B - C \right]^\Lambda \equiv 0$$

Result

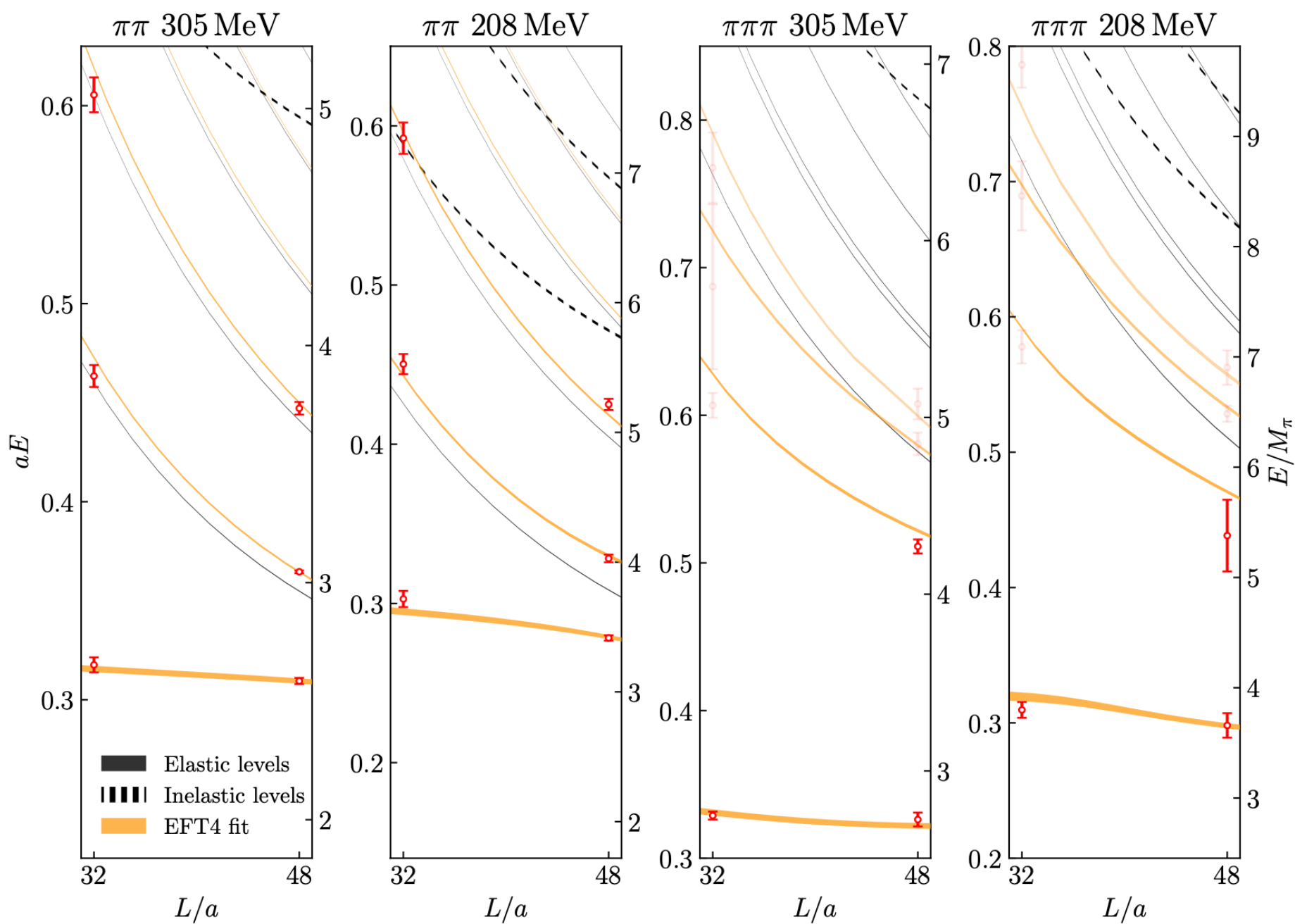
- Various EFT based ansatzes
- $\omega(782)$ becomes bound state at ~ 300 MeV
- at the physical point very close to the EXP value



APPLICATION III $\omega \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$

Lattice QCD

- Nf = 2 + 1 Clover fermions
- 2/3 particle operators
- 2 pion masses ($\approx 210, 305$ MeV) 2 volumes ($L^3 = 32^3, 48^3$)

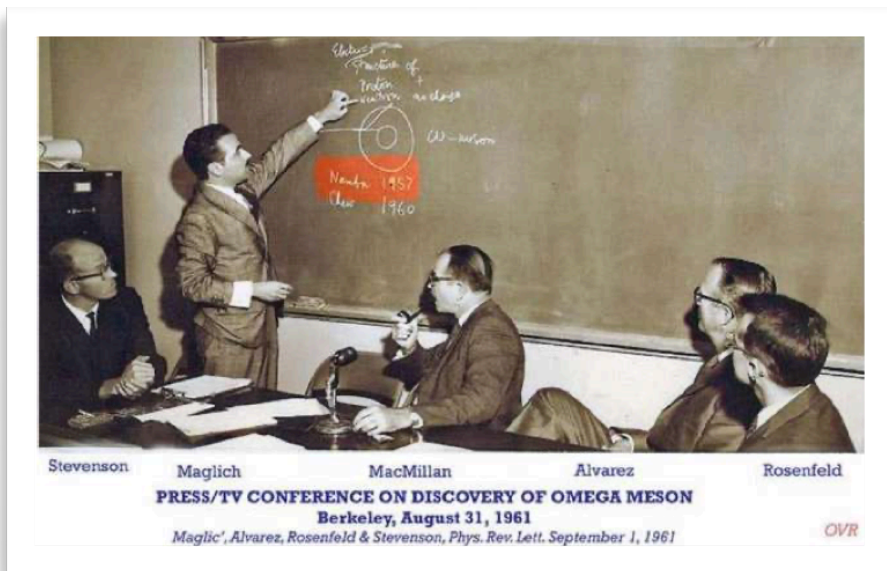
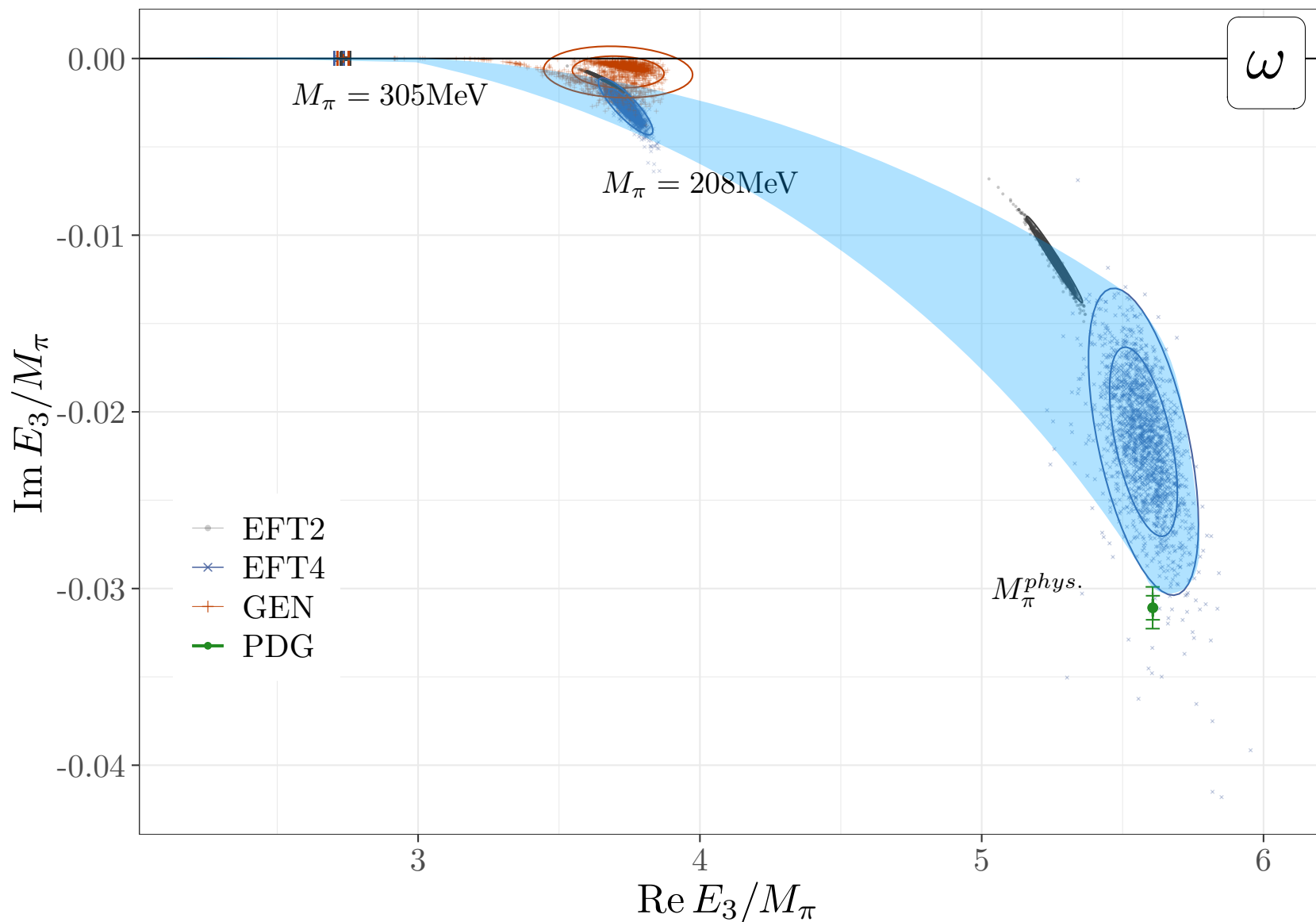


FVU

$$\det \left[2L^3 E_p (\tilde{K}^{-1} - \Sigma^L) - B - C \right]^\Lambda \equiv 0$$

Result

- Various EFT based ansatzes
- $\omega(782)$ becomes abound state at ~ 300 MeV
- at the physical point very close to the EXP value



63 years

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS 133, 211906 (2024)

Editors' Suggestion

ω Meson from Lattice QCD

Haobo Yan (燕浩波)^{1,2,*} Maxim Mai^{2,3,4,†} Marco Garofalo^{2,‡} Ulf-G. Meißner^{2,5,6}
Chuan Liu^{1,7,8,||} Liuming Liu^{9,10,¶} and Carsten Urbach^{2,**}

¹School of Physics, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China
²Helmholtz-Institut für Strahlen- und Kernphysik (Theorie) and Bethe Center for Theoretical Physics, Universität Bonn, 53115 Bonn, Germany

SUMMARY / OUTLOOK

Effective Field Theories

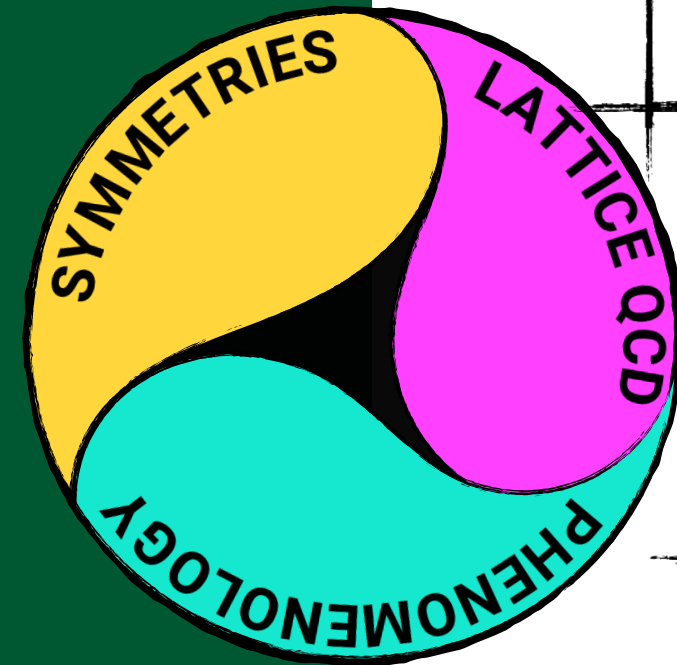
- quark-mass dependence
- analytical tools
- dynamically generated resonances

S-matrix

- Mathematical constraints on transitions
- Universal resonance parameter

Lattice QCD:

- ab-initio calculations
- universal tool for physical und unphysical scenarios
- many new advances and results



UCHPT models

- ☒ $f_0(500), \rho(770), \dots$ well established quark-mass dependence
- ☒ Two-pole structure: $\Lambda(1405), \Lambda(1380)$ **discovered**

Novel FVU 3b Quantization Condition

- ☒ pilot results on $3\pi(I = 3, 2..), a_1(1260), \phi^4, \dots$
- ☒ **Re-discovered $\omega(782)$ from QCD** — pole and chiral trajectories

Outlook

- ☐ $N(1440), DD\pi, \dots$ spin-exotics
- ☐ Triangles/Strangeness — $a_1(1420)$... *first steps: hys.Rev.D 110 (2024), JHEP 10 (2024) 246*
- ☐ UCHPT + LQCD $\Lambda(1405), \Lambda(1380)$ ongoing ...
- ☐ is there something for the in-medium calculations?
- ☐ ...